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# Assurance Company

Mortality Experience
1847 to 1893



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## MORTALITY EXPERIENCE

OF THE

# CANADA LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY

FROM 1847 TO 1893.



HAMILTON, ONTARIO:
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1895.



## Canada Life Assurance Company's Offices, Kamillon, Ont., 1st March, 1895.

# A. G. RAMSAY, Esq., F. S. S., F. I. A., Actuary and President, Canada Life Assurance Company.

DEAR SIR :-

Pursuant to your instructions, and acting under your directions, I have completed the Mortality Investigation so far as at present intended for purpose of publication. With the character and scope of the work you are already familiar, and it is hoped the results brought out will be of interest and service to the Board of Directors and to many others interested in such an investigation.

The work has been done cheerfully, and it is believed carefully, by those to whom you have assigned that duty.

For valuable assistance in the graduation of the Mortality Tables I am indebted to Mr. A. K. Blackadar, M. A., F. I. A., Actuary of the Insurance Department, Ottawa, and to Mr. R. Henderson, B. A., A. I. A., of the same Department.

While this is the first, it is hoped that it will not be the only mortality experience, to be published by a Canadian company, for it is only by such investigations that "facts are substituted for appearances and demonstrations for impressions."

Very respectfully,

FRANK SANDERSON,
Assistant Actuary.



## MORTALITY EXPERIENCE

OF THE

## CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.

The present investigation into the mortality experience of the Canada Life Assurance Company, from its origin in 1847 to the year 1893—a period of 46 years—possesses more than a local interest.

It is the first investigation of the kind that has been undertaken and published in the Dominion of Canada.

It is, too, the experience of the oldest Canadian Company, a company that has grown up with this young country, and that has become one of its recognized institutions.

It is the experience of a company that has been built up slowly but securely along conservative British lines, and hence it is a better exponent of the rates of mortality in Canada than if its history were shorter, and its volume of business more rapidly and recently secured under the well-known conditions that usually prevail in America. It is, too, the first and only published experience of assured male lives for the northern half of the North American Continent.

## Object in View.

Various companies in the United States and elsewhere have published their mortality experience, but the object in view does not in all cases seem to have been the same. In some, every policy on which any premium had been paid was included in the general observations, whether the life was "select," or "rated up," either permanently as an under-average life, or temporarily for occupation or risk of travel

While the resulting rates of mortality may be the actual experience of the company on all its lives, it may not be a very faithful exponent of the mortality prevailing among lives taken as select at the ordinary rate of premium.

The chief object in view in the following investigation has been to determine, for the guidance of the company in particular, and for the benefit of other companies and individuals interested, what rates of mortality have prevailed among male lives which were accepted as "healthy," "select" lives at the usual rate of premium. Then, comparing these rates with those of the Table of Mortality adopted as the official standard, as well as with other Tables, we are enabled to state to what extent the actual experience has deviated from the standard table and from other tables, and whether the contracts now being entered into can, in the distant future, be securely and equitably carried out on the present basis, or whether any change is desirable. Much light is also thrown on the question of selection, and means are afforded for various other subsidiary investigations of importance and interest.

## Methods of Treatment.

It follows immediately from the foregoing statement, that all exposures on lives rated-up or charged any extra premium must be rigidly excluded from the general experience. The only exception to this is in the case of lives under 21 years of age, which, according to the practice of the company, are accepted as at 21, but which, in this experience, have been taken at their true age.

The female lives, which were few in number, have also been excluded. As the company has not to any extent dealt in annuities, survivorships or pure endowments, none such are included, so that the present is the experience of assured male lives accepted and continued as "average" lives.

The rated-up male lives (permanent extras) have been dealt with separately. Lives charged a temporary extra for travel, etc., are not included in this experience.

In deciding whether the experience should be developed upon the basis of lives or amounts, the conclusion arrived at was that while an investigation by amounts is of practical interest and of special value when the number of observations is very large, the results by lives would on the whole be preferable where, as in the present case, the number of observations is not large in comparison with several representative and standard experiences. For large experiences an investigation by amounts may be preferred, but for an individual office of moderate size, the results by lives will prob-

ably be more regular, and a better guide for the future than those developed by amounts. Lives were therefore adopted as the basis.

For ascertaining the necessary data, the essential particulars of each policy upon which a premium had ever been paid were written on a card of which the following is a copy:

NoSy's	tem	. Amount,	\$
Life			
	Increased		
Date of	Day, Month, Year.	Age.	Duration.
Entry		/	
Ordinary Pre	arged, \$ emium, \$ reased on account of		
Cause of Dea	th		
Remarks			

Although the particulars of "amounts assured," "occupation," and "cause of death" have not been made use of in the present investigation, it was deemed expedient, for future use, to embody these facts on the cards.

Some progress had been made in writing up the particulars on the cards (except the durations and exits) before it was finally decided whether to adopt the well-established calendar year method or the more modern policy year method for tabulating the observations. As this is a point of considerable importance, and as the present experience is intended for the intelligent but non-professional reader as well as for

those who are familiar with the principles and methods herein described, it may be well to explain as briefly and as clearly as possible the technical difference between these two methods; under other conditions this and several other of the detailed explanations herein might be omitted.

According to the calendar year method the lives are assumed to enter the company, on the average, at the middle of the calendar year, and (where the office age is the age next birthday, as in British and Canadian companies) the lives are regarded as attaining the office age at the end of the calendar year of entry. Thus the interval between the average date of entry and the attainment of the stated age at entry is assumed to be six months. The first year of assurance is thus seen to contain only six months and is usually called year "O," sometimes also year "I" and sometimes year "\frac{1}{2}"

According to the policy year method, calendar years are disregarded, and the risk on each life is traced from anniversary to anniversary of the policy. Thus "year of assurance I" covers the 12 months following the grant of the assurance; the succeeding 12 months form "year of assurance 2," and so on. By this means we are enabled to allocate each death to the exact policy year in which that death occurred, and hence to determine with precision the true rate of mortality for each policy year of assurance. This is a matter of vital importance, and it constitutes the distinguishing characteristic of the policy year method.

In favor of the adoption of the calendar year method for the present investigation, was the fact that it was much simpler, requiring less data to be extracted, and less time to complete the work. Moreover, this method had been adopted in most of the older and larger published experiences, such as the Combined Experience, the Institute of Actuaries Experience, the 30 American Offices, and the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York (1876).

On the other hand, the experiences of the Amicable Society, the Eagle Insurance Co., the Scottish Amicable Society, the Gotha Life (German), and the Connecticut Mutual, have been taken out on the policy year method. In recent years the great superiority of the policy year method, especially in the examination of the effects of selection, has been demonstrated.

After a careful examination into all the advantages of each method, it was decided to adopt the policy year method.

The office age at entry, i. e., age next birthday, was from the first entered upon the cards, partly by reason of the above uncertainty of the adoption of the calendar or policy year method, and partly because in some of the older assurances the date of birth was not obtainable.

Under other circumstances the mean age, or the nearest age at entry, would doubtless have been adopted, and this would have avoided the reduction of the experience from odd to even ages, as explained later on.

An examination of various published mortality experiences has led to the conviction that in some cases a great deal of their value has been lessened by the absence of detailed explanations and facts which are necessary in attempting to assign the true weight to any particular features.

It has been thought desirable, therefore, on the present occasion, to state explicitly the various steps and principles involved, so that when any comparisons or investigations are instituted, the underlying circumstances may be known.

## Classification and Reduction of the Data.

The principal particulars having been entered from the office registers on the cards, these were then all carefully checked over. All permanent and temporary rated-up lives, as well as all female lives, were then eliminated from the general experience. For the reasons previously indicated the age at entry was the office age, i. e., age next birthday The next step was to fill in the mode of exit, and it was decided to tabulate the "exits" under the four subdivisions: Existing, Matured, Withdrawn and Died. The matured contain expired term assurances and matured endowment assurances, and the withdrawn compose lapsed and surrendered cases. It is true the matured constitute but a small portion of the whole, but in view of the uncertainty created by the inclusion of these as an unknown factor among the withdrawals when the rate of discontinuance is under discussion, it was thought advisable to make a separate class of them. It is not to be understood, however, that all the matured endowment assurance policies of the company appear under the head of "matured," for, as frequently happens, if a life were still existing under a life policy, and an endowment assurance (upon which the risk was continuous with the life policy) had matured prior to the close of the observations, the endowment assurance card would have been combined with the life card, and the life assured thereunder would be classed under the head of "existing." The "exits" were all checked with the office registers.

The term policies have been so limited in number, and have apparently exercised so little, if any, adverse influence on the mortality of the company, that it was not thought necessary to exclude them, which latter course, under other circumstances, would have been desirable. It is hoped that the separation of the matured from the withdrawn, and the publication of the data of these two classes in detail (an unusual course for an individual company) will be of service to any persons who may wish to make further use of this experience in examining the rate of discontinuance.

With regard to the important question of the duration of the risks, the existing were carried to the anniversaries of the policies in the year 1893, the duration being found by subtracting the year of entry from the year 1893, thus giving an integral number of years in all existing cases. The deaths have been carefully located in the policy year in which death took place, this being an essential feature of the policy year method. The original observations being scheduled by years of assurance and not by ages at exit, the "deaths" were, as is usual, observed to the close of the year, thus giving the duration as an integer in each case. The age at death in the aggregate table of mortality is the age at entry plus the curtate duration.

For the withdrawn and the matured the "nearest duration method" was adopted.

When the duration was, say,  $n + \frac{1}{2}$  years, the  $\frac{1}{2}$  was alternately dropped and increased  $\frac{1}{2}$ . In the first year of assurance the duration of a withdrawal at the end of three months was taken as "0"; at the end of nine months as "1" year, and at the end of six months alternately as "0" and "1". A corresponding course was pursued in succeeding years of assurance.

It being decided to develop the experience upon lives, the next step was to bring together all cards relating to the same life.

The presence of the date of birth on most of the cards greatly facilitated the examination into cases where both Christian name and surname were the same. After the cards had thus been brought together a number of cases were discovered in which discrepancies as to age existed by reason of the assured having given different dates of birth in different applications. In such cases (if the life were still assured) circular letters were sent out asking for evidence as to the correct date. By this means a number of the discrepancies were rectified. If the life passed out of observation by death, the age at entry was adjusted by means of the date of birth given in the claim papers. When no information was obtainable, as on lives withdrawn, it usually

happened that from the examination of the cards the dates on two or three or four cards would be the same and that on one card different. In such cases the prevailing date was adopted for determining the age at entry. In all other cases the date of birth given on the first application was adopted, where obtainable.

The next step was to examine whether or not the assurances on the same life were continuous. Where the risk on different policies was continuous the cards were placed in an envelope, with the proper duration and other particulars from the cards placed on the back, and these policies were afterwards treated as one continuous risk on one life. Thus the observations were reduced from policies to lives. From this point, therefore, we deal only with *lives*.

In the next place, the cards, thus reduced, were sorted into Existing, Withdrawn, Matured and Died. Each of these groups was then sorted according to age at entry (next birthday). Each of these sub-groups was then further sub-divided according to years of assurance. The cards in each of these final sub-groups were then counted and tabulated in the form in which they are now published. After the cards had been thus counted and scheduled, the next step was the calculation of the "Exposed to Risk of Death." To illustrate this take age at entry 25 (Table I). There are 1765 entrants, of whom 67 withdrew within six months, that is, these 67 are composed of all the withdrawals at the end of the first quarter, and one-half the withdrawals at the end of the second quarter. As before explained, these are held not to have been under observation, but are simply recorded and used when dealing with the rate of discontinuance. The remaining 1698 are, as a consequence of the "nearest duration method," held to have been at risk throughout the whole year. At the end of "year 1" 362 pass out of observation—6 by death, 278 as withdrawn, and 78 as existing—leaving 1336 exposed to risk during "year of assurance 2," of whom 151 pass from observation at the end of the year—9 by death, 88 withdrawn and 54 existing.

The "exposed to risk" for the remaining years of assurance are similarly calculated.

## Range of the Experience.

As indicated at the outset, the present experience covers a period of 46 years, and the years of life exposed were 296,481. Hence, while the number of observations is not so great relatively as in several other experiences, the period over which the observations extend is such as to make the results of special value. The total number

of entrants was 35,287, of whom 55.03 per cent. were existing at the close of the observations in 1893; 37.07 per cent. had withdrawn and matured; and 7.9 per cent had died.

The average age at entry (next birthday) was 32.05 and the average duration of membership was 8.40 years, or 8.36 years counting the year of death as one-half year. As a matter of caution to some persons who frequently draw wrong conclusions from such figures, it may be stated that the average duration of membership of those who died was 13.55 years, counting the year of death as a whole year. In the following table these averages are brought into comparison with those of three large representative experiences.

	verage duration of the Died. Years.	Average duration of the Total Entrants. Years.
20 British Offices (Hm)	13.50	9.22
30 American Offices	5.94	4.40
23 German Offices	9.81	6.52
Canada Life	13.55	8.40

The average duration of the died in the Canada Life was almost identical with that in the Hm. experience, and more than twice as great as in the 30 American Offices.

Among individual offices the average duration of membership was as follows: Mutual Life, N. Y., 5.67 years; Mutual Benefit, N. J., 6.53 years; Connecticut Mutual, 7.98 years; Australian Mutual Provident Society, 6.20 years.

In the following table is given a summary of the data contained in the present investigation.

Exi	sting.	Withdra Mati	nwn and rred.	Died.		Total	Total	Av. dura- tion of	Average Age at Entry.	
Number	Percent. of Entrants.	Number.	Percent. of Entrants.	Number.	Percent. of Entrants.	Entrants. Years of Life.		Member- ship. Years.	Age attained.	Age next Birthday.
19,419	55.03	13,079	37 07	2,789	7.90	35.287	296,481	8.40	31.72	32.05

As will be seen when dealing with the rate of discontinuance, nearly half the withdrawals belong to the first year of assurance.

As a matter of record and to aid in forming some idea of the different circumstances and characteristics of mortality experiences frequently referred to, it may be well to bring together, as in the following table, the principal features of each.

# TABLE SHOWING THE DATA OF DIFFERENT MORTALITY EXPERIENCES.

Mortality per cent.	4 de	2.01	2.06	1.31	1.1	.95	1.03	2.03	1.18	I.12	1 53	.S.	.9.1
Average Duration of Member-	ship.	11.93	10.98	5.62	9.22	5.67	4:40	12.65	6.53	7.98	12.16	6.20	8.40
Are	Entry.			•	34.96	34 95	35.23	35.00	•	:	33.84	32 00	31 72
Years of Life Exposed.		255,280	38,769	48,348	1,200,400	578,113	4,327.086	974,036	568,941	780,353	477,953	710,179	296,481
	Ded.	24.04	22.61	7.35	15.76	5.41	4.53	25 98	7.73	8.94	18 62	0.50	7.40
Percentage of	tinned.	43.57	14.30	29.67	26.89	27.23	41 83	12.20		39 13	17.20	30.65	37.07
P. Exist.	ing.	32.39	63.00	62.98	57.35	67.36	53.6.1	61.82		51.93	64 18	64.32	55.03
Number Died.		5,144	798	632	20,521	5,515	44,485	19,999	6,739	8,746	7,317	5,743	2,789
Number Discon- tunged.		9,324	505	2,550	35,024	27,764	411,092	9,391		38,261	0762	35,096	13,079
Number Existing.		6,930	2,227	5,41.4	74,698	68,688	527,157	47,596		50.780	25,224	73,632	19419
Number of Untrants.		21,398	3,530	8,596	130,243	101,967	982,734	76,986	+87,127	97,779	39,303	7 2 2 2	35,287
Dura tion of Obser vation	Years.	67	33	3:1	4 2	3.1	30	0	5	3,	50	9	46
Date of Publica-		1834	1841	1861	1869	1876	1881	1881	1880	1884		1891-2	1895
Date Date of old		1829	1841	1860	1862	1873	1874	1878	6281	1878	1884	1883	1893
NAME		Equitable	Amicable	Scottish Amicable	Institute of Actuaries, 11m	Mutual Life, N. Y	Thirty American Offices	Gotha Life	Mutual Benefit	Connecticut Mutual (Males)	Scottish Widows' Fund	Australion Mutual Provident, Society	Canada Life

For the perpose of control of the grant of death is included a a full year in the total "years of life exposed," and this total is deducing the average durations of membership would be slightly decreased. For example, the Him Table would in that case give 9.13 as the average duration, and the M atual Life 5.74 in place of 9.22 and 5.67 respectively, as above.

In the Amicable, Scottish Amicable, Gotha Life, Connecticut Mutual and Canada Life Experiences the Policy Year Method was used, in the others the Calendar Year Method.

The original facts used in the construction of the various tables will be found in Table I., extending from age 15 at entry to 71. Table II. is a summary of the observations in Table I.

To assist in referring from the tables to their explanation herein, the number of the table is printed in black-faced type where first referred to.

## The Mortality Table.

Having briefly explained the preliminary steps that led up to the tabulation of the data as in Table I., it is now necessary to state how the final aggregate table of mortality has been deduced.

The data in Table I. was first scheduled according to "exposed" and "died" for each age attained (next birthday). As previously stated, the age attained for the "died" is the age at entry plus the curtate duration of the "died". Up to this point the ages are those for next birthday, and it now became necessary to deal, as is customary, with completed ages.

During the progress of the investigation the cards had been sampled and it was found by various trials that the office age or age next birthday was, on an average, approximately one-third of a year greater than the true age at entry, and it was determined to use this fraction of a year in place of the usual half year in reducing the experience from fractional to integral ages. The original facts used in the construction of the general table, viz.: the exposures and deaths at ages  $14\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $15\frac{2}{3}$ , etc., will be found in Table III., Part I., the argument being set down one-third greater than the real age. From these the values of  $\log p_{x-y}$  were taken out, and then by continuous addition those of  $\log l_{x-y}$  were obtained. The values of  $l_{x-y}$  were then taken out, and by differencing those of  $d_{x-y}$  were derived; and the values of  $l_x$  were deduced from the formula  $l_x = l_{x-y} - \frac{1}{3}d_{x-y}$ . In consequence of the paucity of the data under age 20, the table begins at age 20 with a radix of 10,000. Thus was obtained Table III., Part 2.

This table is the starting point for a graduation by Woolhouse's or Higham's formula, each of which was tried. The latter was the more satisfactory, but as the values of  $q_x$  were slightly irregular at the extremities of the table, it was finally decided to adopt a graduation by Makeham's formula, using the method of Messrs. King and Hardy (slightly modified) to determine the constants. The modification consisted in using the values of  $\log l_{x-l_0}$  in place of those of  $\log l_x$ , with the consequent changes in

the formula for determining the constants. This was done to avoid the assumption contained in the formula  $l_x = l_{x-y_1} - \frac{1}{3} d_{x-y_2}$ .

The particular combination of ages finally selected for determining the constants, was four periods of fifteen years, from ages  $20\frac{2}{3}$  to  $79\frac{2}{3}$  inclusive. The usual constants, s, g and c, of Makeham's formula were first determined so that  $\Delta \sum_{21}^{35} \log l_{x-1/3}$ ,  $\Delta \sum_{36}^{65} l_{x-1/3}$  should be the same in the adjusted and unadjusted tables.

Having found the values of s, g and c, the value of k is then determined from  $\log k = 5$ —20  $\log s$ — $c^{20}$   $\log g$ , thus starting the graduated table at age 20, with a radix of 100,000.

The values of the constants thus formed are as follows:

The values of  $\log (-\Delta \log p_x)$ ,  $-\Delta \log p_x$ ,  $\log p_x$ ,  $\log l_x$ ,  $l_x$  and  $q_x$  were then successfully derived,  $q_x$  being formed from  $\log p_x$ . The complete expectation of life for each age was then calculated. The mortality table thus graduated will be found in Table IV.

To test how closely the expected deaths agreed with the actual deaths by the graduated table, it was necessary to devise some means of bringing the original exposures and deaths to integral ages. The method adopted was to put in the column of exposed opposite age x,  $2E_{x+\frac{1}{2}}+E_{x+\frac{2}{2}}$ , and in the column of deaths  $2d_{x-\frac{1}{2}}+d_{x+\frac{2}{2}}$ , when E is the exposed and d the deaths, thus showing the exposures and deaths at three times their real number.

The number of expected deaths was then calculated by multiplying  $2E_{x-t_3}+E_{x+3}$  by  $q_x$ . Theoretically it will be found that the column of expected deaths is thus made very slightly greater than its true value.

On the above basis of three times the original exposures, the total expected deaths was practically equal to the number of actual deaths. As the original table of three times the exposures and deaths for integral ages (above referred to) is used later on as the basis of other tables, it is given in Table V., beginning with age 19.

Before proceeding to make any observations on the rates of mortality, as shown in the foregoing tables, the method of constructing the select tables will first be taken up.

## The Select Mortality Tables.

The superiority of the policy year method over the calendar method in examining the gradual wearing out of the benefits of selection in the early years of assurance is now an established fact. Hence it seemed desirable on the present occasion, notwithstanding the comparative smallness of the data, to show, at least approximately, this effect of selection.

In the work of forming select tables from the observations, the first step was to construct a table omitting the first five years of assurance. There being no observations above age 73 during these first five years, and very few for the ages (during the same period) immediately preceding 73, the rates of mortality from 73 and upwards would be the same as in the general table, and these latter have accordingly been adopted for the experience after five years.

By means of the graphic method a table was constructed representing the experience after five years and joining on smoothly to the general experience at age 73. This table was tested by comparing actual with expected deaths, and when a serious discrepancy occurred the curve was amended and re-tested until a satisfactory series was obtained.

The original facts and the final adjusted rates of mortality after five years will be found in Table VI.

Having thus obtained a table representing the mortality among lives assured more than five years, it is required, in order to complete the select tables, to determine the mortality during the first five years for each age at entry.

In consequence of the paucity of materials below age 20 and over age 50, the select tables for these years are limited to ages 20 to 50.

For the first year of assurance the exposures and deaths were combined into three groups. The actual and expected death rates in each group were then calculated and the actual death rate set down opposite the age corresponding to the expected. A series proceeding by constant second differences was then determined to pass through these values. The ages and rates were: Age  $27\frac{3}{4}$ , rate .00265; age  $37\frac{1}{4}$ , rate .00355; age  $46\frac{3}{4}$ , rate .00506, from which we get  $q_{\text{[20]+0}}$ =.00236958,  $\Delta$ =.00001326 and  $\Delta^2$ =.05000679. The calculations were facilitated by the intervals of age coming out equal.

To determine the rates of mortality in the third year of assurance the exposures and deaths in the second, third and fourth years of assurance for each present age were combined, and from the rates of mortality thus calculated a hypothetical unadjusted mortality table was constructed, which was then graduated by Makeham's formula assuming the value of a the same as in the general table. The rates of mortality calculated from this table were taken as the rates of mortality in the third year of of assurance.

For the second, fourth and fifth years of assurance the rates of mortality were determined independently by interpolation with constant fourth differences.

Thus have been found the rates of mortality in the first, second, third, fourth and fifth years of assurance respectively, and also those after five years of assurance. These rates are given in Table VII. Although deduced from limited data, yet the graduated results show a general consistency with the original facts.

From an examination of the mortality of the first year of assurance, it will be seen that the rates are remarkably low, and it might be inferred that some influence such as the dating back of policies had brought about this result by the introduction of a period of exposure where no risk was incurred, but it must be remembered that among the lapses (which are most numerous during the first year of assurance), there is a period of 30 days grace not included in the exposures, and this may be taken as an offset to any non-risk period at the inception of the policy.

A word of explanation to the general reader may be necessary as to the notation used in Table VII. The symbol  $q_{[20]}$ , for example, denotes the probability that a life aged 20, which has just been accepted as a "select" or healthy life, will die within one year;  $q_{[20]+1}$  is the probability that the same life (should it live through the first year) will die in the second year of assurance;  $q_{[20]+2}$  is the probability that the same life (if still assured at the end of second year) will die in the third year, and so on;  $q_{x(5)}$  denotes the rate of mortality, or probability of dying in a year, of a life that has been assured 5 years and is now aged x. The column  $q_{x(5)}$  therefore gives the rates of mortality, excluding the first five years of assurance.

From the rates of mortality in Table VII., the values of  $l_x$  were determined so that in that part of the table in which the rate of mortality was the same as in the general graduated table, the numbers in the column of living should also be the same.

These values are brought together in Table VIII., the notation used having a corresponding meaning to that already given to Table VII.

Having obtained the values of  $l_x$  and  $q_x$ , excluding the first five years of assurance, from age 25 upwards, it will be convenient to have these and relative functions brought together in the form of a graduated mortality table similar to the graduated Table IV for the whole experience.

This has been done in Table IX. As before explained, the values of  $l_x$ ,  $d_x$ ,  $q_x$  and  $\mathring{e}$  are the same in both from age 74 upwards.

Table X. gives the graduated experience of the Canada Life, Mutual Life and H<sup>m</sup>, excluding the first five years of assurance. It must be remembered, however, that in consequence of the calendar year process only 4½ years are really excluded in the case of the H<sup>m</sup> and Mutual Life experiences, the rates being therefore those derived from the experience after 4½ years. Whatever difference is thus created will be in favor of the two experiences just named.

The results given in Tables VII. and VIII. above make it possible to construct tables of annuities, premiums and reserves for lives recently selected, and thus to measure the effect which the benefits of selection have upon the financial operations of a life assurance company. This is foreign to the present investigation, but the subject is of great importance in its bearing upon the ultimately successful conduct of any company.

## Observations and Comparisons.

A cursory examination of the graduated mortality table of the Canada Life Assurance Co, both for the whole duration as well as for the period excluding the first five years of assurance, will at once make it evident that the experience of the Company has been remarkably favorable. This is more remarkable when it is said that the volume of new business transacted yearly has not been large when compared with many companies in America; and further, that the whole life assurance business has always been much larger than the endowment assurance business, on the former of which the death loss is generally believed to be heavier than on the latter.

Although neither the system nor the amounts of assurance enter into separate investigation on the present occasion, it may be well to state the relation between the sums assured on life, endowment and other assurances. This is done in the following table, which embraces the whole business of the company, and from which it will be seen that at the end of 1889 the endowment assurances were less than 16% of the whole life assurances, and at the end of 1893 they were 171/4% of the latter, thus

showing an increased percentage of endowment assurances, but the relative amount of such assurances is not large when compared with that in many other companies in America

	Whole Life Assurances.	Endowment Assurances.	All other Assurances.	Bonus Additions.	Assurances in Force.
31st Dec., 1889	\$40,919,588	\$6,435,509	\$106,545	\$2,058,417	\$49,519,559
31st Dec., 1893	51,027,429	8,802,016	90,545	2,783,256	62,703,246

In view of future comparisons it is well, therefore, to keep in mind (1) that the volume of business has been of continuous, but not rapid growth; (2) that whole life assurances largely predominate; (3) that only male lives accepted and continued as "average" lives are included in the present general experience.

To bring into clear view the results of the tables of mortality already described, a series of tables of comparison has been compiled, to which attention is now drawn. By means of these it will be possible to measure to some extent the satisfactory character of the present experience. At the same time, the characteristics and surroundings of each experience must be kept steadily in view, so that undue weight may not be attached to the conclusions which appear to follow from the comparisons.

## Expectation of Life.

The first table of comparison is that showing the expectation of life, or average after-life time, according to various graduated tables of mortality. For the United States the expectation of life by four tables are brought into view, viz.: the American Experience, the 30 American Offices, the Mutual Life of New York, and the Mutual Benefit of New Jersey; for Great Britain three tables—the Institute of Actuaries (Hm), the Equitable, and the Law Life; for Germany one table—the Gotha Life; for Australia one table—the Australian Mutual Provident Society. To the interesting mortality experience of the last named company, published in 1888, an acknowledgment is due on the present occasion for some figures relating to two or three experiences not easily obtainable.

The expectation of life by these various tables and by the Canada Life experience will be found in Table XI.

Omitting for a moment the Australian Mutual Provident experience, it will be seen from Table XI, that the expectation of life by the Canada Life experience exceeds at all ages that of all the other experiences. It will also be seen that the Mutual Life results at the insuring ages run quite close to, but below those of the Canada Life.

The Standard tables, embracing the experiences of various companies, show a considerably lower expectation throughout than the Canada Life.

For the Australian Mutual Provident Society two columns are given, one according to assumed ages and one according to true ages. The expectations of life by the former exceed those of the Canada Life, while those by the latter are less. It is not possible, therefore, from this table to say which is the more favorable. Further investigation will, it is believed, show that the Canada Life experience is quite as favorable as that of the Australian Mutual Provident, if not more so, when the differing circumstances are taken into account.

## Other Comparisons.

For the benefit of many persons, especially in Canada, who have not in their possession the rates of mortality of well-known mortality experiences, Table XII. is given, showing the graduated annual rates of mortality at each age according to the experiences of the Canada Life, American Experience, 30 American Offices, Institute of Actuaries (H<sup>m</sup>), Mutual Life of New York, and Mutual Benefit of New Jersey. In the same table will be found the ratio of the Canada Life mortality at each age to that of the other tables mentioned.

From this table it will be seen that the Canada Life mortality is less at all ages than that of the tables named, except from ages 51 to 65 of the Mutual Life of New York, where it is slightly greater. A comparison of this table will show that neither the American experience table nor the Institute of Actuaries (H<sup>m</sup>) experience is a very faithful exponent of the mortality as experienced by the Canada Life, the first-named experience, especially, showing, for the younger ages, rates considerably in excess of those of the Canada Life. It must be remembered, however, that the rates at the younger ages in the present experience are those produced very largely by recent selection, and are, therefore, no doubt lower than would ultimately prevail.

The 30 American Offices experience would seem to run more nearly parallel with that of the Canada Life than either of the other two just mentioned. As between the Mutual Life and Mutual Benefit, the latter experience runs more evenly at all ages with that of the Canada Life than the former.

The experiences of these two companies (Mutual Life and Mutual Benefit) were doubtless not confined as exclusively to "average" male lives as the present experience, which would tend to make the latter appear more favorable, but on the other hand, in deducing the rates of these two companies no adjustment appears to

have been made for reducing the experience from fractional to integral ages, as was done in the case of the 30 American Offices' experience. Had this adjustment been made the experience of the Canada Life would have appeared in comparison still more favorable, especially at the older ages. In the case of the Mutual Life the favorable deviation between ages 51 and 65 previously referred to would have thus practically disappeared.

To make still more clear the difference between the mortality experienced by the Canada Life and other companies, Table XIII. is given, showing the exposures and deaths (unadjusted) by quinquennial groups of ages and the expected deaths by other experiences. The exposures for integral ages attained are derived from Table V. by taking one-third thereof, the deaths being taken to the nearest whole number.

From this table it will be seen that from age 20 to 79 the total actual and expected deaths, and the percentages of the one to the other, are as follows:

Actual Deaths Canada Life.	Mutual Life.	Mutual Benefit.	Connecticut Mutual (Males).	American Experience Table.	Thirty American Offices.	Hm Table.	Scottish Widows' Fund.	Gotha Life.	dent S	At True Ages.
2748 Ratio per cent in dalice to others.	0.2 1	312.1.3	3136.2 87.6						2621.6	2890.9

This extract from Table XIII. will at once illustrate the very satisfactory character of the mortality experienced by the Canada Life Assurance Company.

Table XIV. gives the rates of mortality per cent. for quinquennial groups of ages as deduced from each experience therein mentioned. In the case of the American Experience the rates are deduced from the graduated table.

## The Influence of Selection.

The next group of tables deals with the effects of selection by different experiences. Graduated select tables for the present experience have already been referred to and given in Tables VII. and VIII. The tables now to be discussed deal with ungraduated results.

In Table XV. the exposures and deaths for all ages combined are arranged according to years of assurance. As the data after 30 years' duration is small in most of the experiences, the comparison is therefore confined to the first thirty years of assurance. In making this comparison caution must be exercised in view of the different characteristics of the experiences. Thus the average age at entry is greater in some than in others. In the case of the H<sup>m</sup> table this will partly explain the large excess of expected deaths. Again, the Connecticut Mutual and the Canada Life are the only experiences taken out on the policy year method, the others being on the calendar year plan, with only six months for year of assurance 1. In place of attempting the unsatisfactory task of harmonizing calendar and policy year experiences, the first six months of the calendar year experiences has been treated as "year 1," the annual rate for the usual "year o" being taken as the rate for the complete year. Whatever difference is thus created will be in favor of the other experiences and adverse to those of the Canada Life and Connecticut Mutual.

In examining Tables XV., XVI. and XVII. the following facts must be kept steadily in view

Average.	Canada Life.	Mutual Life.	Connecticut Mutual.	Mutual Benefit.	Hm.	30 American Offices.	A. M. P. Society.
Age at entry  Duration of membership		34·95 5.67	7.98	6.53	34.96	35.23	32. 6.20

It will be seen that the average age at entry in the Canada Life agrees more nearly with that given for the A. M. P. Society than with that in any of the others. But the average age at entry for the 71,542 healthy lives in the above society was 31 years, while the average true age at entry for the 38,757 rated up lives was 30.22 years. Thus it will be apparent the average true age at entry in the above society was less than in the Canada Life.

After making allowance for different characteristics as shown in the foregoing table, it will still be apparent from Table XVII. that the benefits of selection have been very marked in the present experience.

Table XVII. shows the ratios per cent. (by years of assurance) of the actual deaths in the Canada Life to the expected deaths by the other experiences mentioned. In the last three or four years of some of the experiences the rates are based on limited data, so that some unevenness is to be expected in the results for those years.

In the three previous tables the ages are all combined, and the weight of observation at different ages at exposure is ignored. Hence, to form a more reliable comparison, the experience is divided in Table XVIII. according to ages at exposure, Part I giving the experience during the first five years and Part 2 the experience after five years. To obtain the exposures in groups for integral ages attained, two thirds of the exposures for the first age in the original group are thrown off, and one-third of the exposures for the first age (next birthday) in the next group are added on; and similarly for the deaths—thus reducing the experience from fractional to integral ages attained. For the experiences other than the Canada Life and the Connecticut Mutual the rates of mortality for the first five years are really based on only four and one-half years' experience, in accordance with the calendar year method. The comparisons in Tables XVIII. and XIX. are, therefore, in this respect in favor of the experiences based on calendar years.

From Table XVII. it will be seen that the experience of the A. M. P. Society approaches more nearly to that of the Canada Life than any of the others. During the first thirty years the total deaths in the Canada Life (all ages combined) are 97.6% of the expected deaths in the A. M. P. Society. In Table XVIII. it will be seen that for the first five years of assurance there is very little difference in the two experiences, even when taking the A. M. P. experience at the assumed ages, so that no real superiority for Australian lives is here shown. The Scottish Widows' Fund and Canada Life experiences during the first five years are practically identical, the actual and expected deaths being 680 and 684 respectively.

From the comparatively large number of exposures on recently selected lives it might be inferred that the favorable character of the present experience (as shown by the aggregate or mixed table of mortality in which assurances of all durations are combined) would not hold true when comparisons are made in which the first five years of assurance are excluded. The proportion of total exposures belonging to the first five years of assurance was 43°/, in the Canada Life and 48 /, in the Connecticut Mutual, while the proportion of total exposures belonging to the first 4½ calendar years was 55°, in the Mutual Life, 49°/, in the A. M. P. experience, 41 /, in the Mutual Benefit, 39°/, in the H<sup>m</sup> and 32°, in the Scottish Widows' Fund. In the 30 American Offices the proportion was 65°/.

Table XVIII., Part 2, shows that the actual deaths after five years' duration in the Canada Life are less than the expected deaths by the Mutual Benefit, Connecticut

Mutual, Mutual Life, Scottish Widows' Fund and H<sup>m</sup> experiences, a fact which establishes the superior quality of assured lives in Canada.

There is a very marked regularity between the Mutual Benefit and Canada Life mortality after five years for each group of ages, the former being almost throughout slightly in excess of the latter, and on the whole nearly 5% in excess; but it should be noted that the Mutual Benefit experience is of shorter duration than that of the Canada Life.

In the experience after five years it must be remembered that as between the Canada Life and A. M. P. experiences the longer durations of the risks in the former and the rating up of the lives in the latter are disturbing factors, both in favor of the A. M. P. Society. The practice of rating up the lives in the latter company (35%, of the lives being rated up) had the effect of making the mortality appear about 10% more favorable than if all the lives had been accepted at their true ages. Moreover, the large endowment assurance business had the effect of reducing the deaths by about 3%. When Table XVIII. is read in the light of these facts it cannot be said that the experience of assured lives in Australia is more favorable than in Canada.

An examination of the foregoing tables will show that the experience of the Canada Life Assurance Company has been quite as favorable as that of any of the other experiences examined, if not more so.

The Mortuary Statistics of Canada, as published in the Dominion Census of 1891, show a very low death rate when compared with similar statistics of other countries. Assuming the substantial accuracy of the Census, we have here evidence that confirms the experience of the Canada Life, that Canada is one of the healthiest countries in the world. With a lower rate of mortality and a higher rate of interest than prevails in most countries, a well managed Canadian company, therefore, possesses special advantages in its claims to public patronage.

Table XIX. gives the rates of mortality for the first five years, and after five years, for the experiences mentioned.

It is generally supposed that the benefits of selection are worn out by the end of the fifth year. To ascertain how far this is true in the present experience the rates of mortality, excluding the first five years of assurance, were compared with those excluding the first ten years of assurance, and it was found that after age 34 the rates for quinquennial groups of ages were practically the same in both.

As a further contribution to the study of the effects of selection, Table XX. is given in summary form only. Part I. shows the rates by quinquennial years of assurance and central ages at entry; age 20, for example, being the (approximate) centre for the five ages at entry 18 to 22, the exposures and deaths being reduced to integral ages before deducing the rates of mortality. The rapid rise in the rates of mortality as the life grows older and further away from the point of selection is strikingly shown in this table (Part I). For example, taking age 40 at entry, the rate for the first five years is only 5.08 per thousand. For the third five years (11 to 15) the rate is more than doubled, being 11 57 per thousand, while for the fifth five years (21 to 25) the rate is more than five times what it was the first five years, being 28.88 per thousand; and after 30 years' duration the original rate, 5.08, has increased to 62 77 per thousand, or more than twelve times the rate for the first five years.

To wilfully ignore these facts and to mislead innocent persons by disregarding their ultimate effects, is to commit a crime against society.

Part 2 of Table XX. shows the rates by quinquennial years of assurance and quinquennial groups of ages (next birthday) at exposure.

This table confirms the investigations of Messrs. Sprague, King and others, viz.: that shortly after entry the lives, on the average, seriously deteriorate, but afterwards show a marked improvement. Thus, examining the rates in the above-named table it will be seen that while there is a sudden rise in the rates for the second five years, an improvement is usually shown either in the third or fourth quinquennium.

The most natural explanation of this is that the large number of healthy lives withdrawing in the early years brings about a deterioration in the body of remaining lives, thus causing the higher resulting rate in the second five years, but after the effect of this has worn off an improvement takes place. It follows from this that if a company were to guarantee from the outset the full reserve each year as a surrender value, thus offering a temptation for healthy lives to withdraw, a serious injustice might result to the persistent members.

From the mortality table (IX), excluding the first five years of assurance, the commutation columns  $D_r$  and  $N_x$  have been calculated, using  $4^{\circ}/_{\circ}$  as the rate of interest. From these the values of the life annuities,  $a_r$ , are at once obtained. These values will be found in Table XXI.

## Experience on Rated-up Lives.

As previously stated, all rated-up lives were carefully eliminated from the general experience. The rated-up cases were divided into two classes, viz.: permanent extras and temporary extras, the latter including cases where a loading or fine was imposed to cover some temporary or special risk. These latter have not been included in this investigation, but the experience of the permanently rated-up lives has been separately dealt with

Table XXII. gives the result of this investigation. The number of entrants dealt with was 754, of whom 89 died. The average loading was approximately 3½ years. The experience was first developed according to actual ages, and afterwards according to assumed ages, and the exposed and died then grouped by quinquennial ages at exposure. Comparison was then made with the expected number of deaths according to the company's general experience (original), and also with the H<sup>m</sup> experience.

It was found that while the number of actual deaths at actual ages was 89, the expected number by the company's general experience was only 75, while the expected number by the H<sup>m</sup> table was 106. On the other hand, while the number of deaths at assumed ages was, as before, 89, the expected number by the company's general experience was 86, and by the H<sup>m</sup> table 120.

From this it follows that the management of the Company have practically succeeded in the difficult task of putting the rated-up lives on an equality with the "average" lives. It will be seen also that the actual number of deaths was well within the expected number by the H<sup>m</sup> table, even at true ages.

The smallness of the data renders further investigation into this class of doubtful practical value.

## On the Rate of Discontinuance.

When the present investigation was commenced the question of an enquiry into the rates of discontinuance was regarded as of secondary importance, but as the work progressed it was felt that the practical bearing of this question on the finance of life assurance, and the opportunity for its elucidation by means of the data now at hand, demanded that some attention should be given to this subject.

In obtaining the rates of mortality by years of assurance, we have seen that it is a necessary condition of the policy year method that the deaths should be allocated to the policy year in which death takes place.

If it were thought necessary to obtain with equal precision the rate of discontinuance, it would have been necessary to tabulate the discontinuances in a manner similar to the deaths, i. e., in the exact policy year of discontinuance. But in view of the fact that the rate of discontinuance is less regular than that of mortality, differing according to different companies, different plans of assurance and other circumstances, it was thought that for the present purpose, at least, the tabulation of the withdrawals, according to the nearest duration method, would give results sufficiently approximate for all practical purposes.

From the explanation given on page 10 it will be remembered that the with-drawals are made to pass from observation at the end of the policy year. In consequence of this the rate of discontinuance is determined as at the end of the year, and not in the year. The function tabulated, therefore, is not exactly the same as in some other experiences. In obtaining the exposed to risk of discontinuance the deaths have been deducted from the exposed to risk of death, thus giving the exposed to risk of discontinuance at the end of the year. For example: in "year of assurance 1" there were 34,046 exposed to risk of death (all ages combined) and 112 deaths. Subtracting these deaths, we get 33,934 exposed to risk of discontinuance, and it is found that 4,836 withdrew at the end of year 1. The percentage of discontinuance is, therefore, 14.25. This is, therefore, the proportion of lives that do not pass on to the second year. Similarly with succeeding years. These particulars will be found in Table XXIII.

The nearest duration method makes it difficult to deal satisfactorily with the first year of assurance, as there are a number who pass from observation at the end of the first and second quarters, the majority being at the end of six months.

In addition to the discontinuances at the end of year 1, we have therefore to deal also with these quarterly cases, which, as explained on page 10, are composed of all the withdrawals at the end of the first quarter and one-half of those at the end of the second quarter.

In the absence of any more approved method these have been placed under "year a" and the exposed taken as the total number of entrants.

In grouping any number of years of assurance together to obtain an average annual ratio of discontinuances, the exposures under year o have been divided by 2.

Table XXIII. gives the exposed and discontinued by years of assurance for all ages combined, and the per cent discontinued; also the expected discontinuances by the

experience of the Connecticut Mutual on premium-paying life policies. The discontinuances were treated similarly in these two experiences, except that the compulsory withdrawals (matured term and endowment assurances) were separately dealt with in the Canada Life investigation, but in the comparison in Table XXIII. the percentages for the Connecticut Mutual are those based on life policies, so that no matured term or endowment assurances enter into the question. An examination of this table will show that the discontinuances are considerably lower in the Canada Life than on the above mentioned section of the Connecticut Mutual experience.

To form some relative idea of the rates of discontinuance in other experiences Table XXIV. is given, showing the rates by the Mutual Life, Australian Mutual Provident, 30 American Offices, H<sup>m</sup> Table and 23 German Offices, the rates for the last two being extracted from Mr. McClintock's essay, "On the Effects of Selection," except that for year o in the H<sup>m</sup>, the annual rate 2.7 has been supplied from other sources.

The function tabulated in this table is not quite the same as in Table XXIII. Moreover, the rate tabulated by the Mutual Life of New York is based on the exposed to risk of death, while in the others one-half the deaths are properly deducted from the exposed to risk of death before deducing the rate. But the actual change in the rates by reason of these differences is probably too small to invalidate any general conclusions drawn from a comparison of the figures in these two tables.

The comparatively large number of discontinuances in and at the end of the first year in the Canada Life Assurance Company seems to a considerable extent due to the practice of writing policies quarterly and half-yearly when requested. Besides, the period of severe competition for new business is included in the present experience and this will have considerable weight on the first year's withdrawals.

After year 2 the experience follows very closely that of the H<sup>m</sup> table. In the early years of assurance of the A. M. P. Society the rate of discontinuance is favorably influenced by the non-forfeiture conditions of that company's policies, but after the eighth year the Canada Life shows a considerably lower percentage of discontinuances. Allowance has to be made, however, for the effect of matured endowment assurances in the later years of assurance in the case of the A. M. P. Society.

From years 2 to 8, inclusive, the discontinuance experiences of the Canada Life and Mutual Life are very similar, but from year 9 onwards the proportion is considerably less in the case of the Canada Life; while throughout the first fifteen years

it is much more favourable than that of the 30 American Offices. On the whole, therefore, it may be said that the Canada Life Assurance Co. shows a very favourable experience as regards discontinuances.

It is sometimes maintained that the rate of discontinuance is sufficiently regular in different companies to give effect to its influence in calculating premium rates. While it is not impossible to take into account the discontinuance rate as well as the death rate in calculating premiums, yet in view of the varied circumstances that go to influence the withdrawals, it would be necessary to use such a conservative estimate for future discontinuances that it is very doubtful if the consequent reduction in premiums would compensate the assured for the loss of privileges enjoyed under the present system.

In view of the many fallacious arguments used in Canada and the United States as to the rate of discontinuance and the effect thereof, it may be well to emphasize the fact that out of 12,891 discontinuances in 46 years of the Canada Life experience 6,077 withdrew within one year (or at most within one year and a half) from entry.

Now, when the cost of procuring these assurances is considered—the medical fee, the agent's commission, issue of policy, and the proportionate amount of other general expenses, together with the cost of carrying the risk—it cannot truthfully be said that a company makes large gains from these lapses.

Omitting, therefore, the lapses of "year 1," it will be found that the average percentage of discontinuances per year after year 1 is only 2.62, after year 2 it is only 2.17, after year 3 it is 1.87, after year five it is only 1.48, and after this it continues to decrease to 0. When to these facts we add that an equitable, if not liberal cash surrender value, is allowed when a policy has been a few years in force, it will be seen that the frequently made assertion as to immense sums of money being made from lapses is not well founded. Indeed, it is doubtful if the surrender charge much more than compensates an office for the loss of lives which as a rule are healthy and whose loss produces a deterioration on the body of remaining lives. In this connection it is only necessary to refer to Table XX., Part 2, and to the remarks thereon on page 25.

The rate of discontinuance depends not only on the period since entry, but also upon the age at entry. This is made manifest by Table XXV., in which the experience is arranged according to quinquennial ages at entry and quinquennial periods of assurance. From this table it will be seen that the percentage of discontinuances decreases not only with the duration of the assurance, but also with the increase of

age at entry. In this table the discontinuances of "year o" are included in those of the first five years, the exposed for "year o" in each group being taken as one-half the number of entrants. A summary of the above-mentioned table is here given:

Ages at Entry.	Per cent. Discontinued. (Whole Duration.)	Duration.	Per cent. Discontinued. (All Ages over 19 Combined.)
20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50 54 55-59 60 and over.	4.88 4.34 4.16 3.86 3.61 3.34 3.39 3.23 3.75	Ist 5 years 2nd " 3rd " 4th " 5th " Oth " Over 30 years	7.21 2.15 1.19 .80 .68 .50
Average	4.14		4.14

The experiences of the Mutual Life of New York and the Australian Mutual Provident Society are also given for convenience in Table XXVI., in groups of quinquennial ages and durations, similar to those in Table XXV. As previously indicated, the function tabulated for these two companies is not quite the same as in the case of the Canada Life; but what is more important, the matured endowment assurances are included under the head of discontinuances. As the tables stand the proportion of discontinuances is considerably less in the Canada Life than in either of the other two companies, especially in the 3rd, 4th and 5th quinquenniums. The higher rates in the case of the Australian Mutual Provident experience for the later years of assurance are partly accounted for by the matured endowment assurances; but it is impossible to measure the exact effect of these on the rates of discontinuance. In the Mutual Life experience no term risks had for many years been taken, and very few endowments had matured prior to the close of the observations in 1873, so that the comparison is here more analogous. Moreover, the period of keen competition for new business, and of wide expansion, had not commenced when the Mutual Life experience was taken out. Acting under conditions, therefore, somewhat similar, it appears that the discontinuances in the Canada Life, after the first five years of assurance have been less than in the case of the Mutual Life experience

The importance of separating the compulsory from the voluntary withdrawals in any investigation into the rates of discontinuance has been made manifest, and uncertain if not erroneous results will be brought out where this is not done.

## The Diagrams.

The diagrams appended to this report give a graphic illustration of some of the tables already referred to. The first four diagrams are based on Table XIII., and exhibit the relation between the actual deaths in the Canada Life and the expected deaths by the experiences of the Institute of Actuaries (H<sup>m</sup>), the American Table, the 30 American Offices, and the Mutual Life of New York, respectively.

Diagrams five to seven illustrate Table XVIII., Part 2, the actual deaths in the experience after five years compared with the corresponding expected deaths by the H<sup>m</sup>, Scottish Widows' Fund and Mutual Life Experiences.

Diagram eight, which is based on Table XII., brings into clear view the divergence between the graduated mortality tables of the Institute of Actuaries (H<sup>m</sup>), the American Experience, the 30 American Offices, the Mutual Life and Mutual Benefit on the one hand, and the graduated table of the Canada Life on the other.

### Conclusion.

In concluding this introduction to the succeeding tables the following considerations suggest themselves:

- I. From an examination of the comparative tables already referred to, it appears that the quality of assured male lives in Canada, as evidenced by the Canada Life experience, is not surpassed by that in the United States, Great Britain, Germany or Australia.
- 2. None of the various individual companies examined and referred to herein show a more favourable mortality experience than the Canada Life Assurance Company.
- 3. This favourable experience is not confined alone to the early years of assurance, but is maintained when the first five years of assurance are excluded. Indeed, the low rates both of mortality and discontinuance in the period after five years' duration are noticeable characteristics of the present experience.
- 4. As a consequence of these facts, and of the higher interest rates obtainable in Canada than in most countries, it follows that a well managed Canadian life assurance company possesses special advantages for assurers.
- 5. Although the rates of mortality at various insuring ages as shown by the Canada Life experience is more favorable than that looked for by the Government

standard, the great caution exercised by the Company in the acceptance of lives and the care manifested in the selection of risks by responsible local agents and medical examiners (a large proportion of whom have acted for the Company for many years and have thus become interested in its permanent welfare), have no doubt largely contributed to the favourable mortality experienced, so that it should not be too hastily assumed that companies and associations in Canada acting under somewhat different conditions would show as favourable a mortality experience as the Canada Life.

- 6. Moreover, the world-wide decline in the rate of interest in recent years, and the important effect of this on the finance of life assurance, renders it incumbent that the present Government standard should be looked at with both functions (mortality and interest) in view, before any change is adopted.
- 7. In addition to the publication of the usual aggregate mortality experience, it is hoped the present investigation into the questions of selection and discontinuance, and the publication for proper uses of the complete original facts connected therewith, will do something to advance the interests of actuarial science.

TABLE 1. -- Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 19 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 20 (Next Birthday,)

Years.	1	NUME	BER OF	ENT	RANTS	227	Years	t	NUME	BER OF	ENT	RANTS	5 504
Vssuran te	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			1.1		1 1					23		23	
I	25		27	I	53	216	I	41		81	2	124	481
2	17		3	2	22	163	2	37		1.1		48	357
3	18		7	I	26	1.4.1	3	36		9	I	46	309
4	25			1	26	115	4	4.4		II	I	56	263
5	1.4		I		15	89	5 6	25		6		31	207
	10		3		13	7.4		24		3		27	176
7	3		4		7	61	7	2.2		4	I	27	149
8	15				15	54	8	2 I		2	2	25	1 2 2
9	6				6	39	9	6		3	I	10	97
IO	I		I		2	33	10	7		1		8	87
II	I		1	1 (	3	31	II	4		1		5	79
12	4				4	28	12	8				S	74
13		1				2.4	13	8		1	I	10	66
14	ī			2	3	2.1	14	3	1			3	56
15	I				I	21	15	2		I	1	4	53
16				1.1		20	16	I		I		2	49
17						20	17	2				2	47
18						20	18	1		1			
19			ī			20	19				I	3	45
20	1		ī	1	2		20	3				3	42
21				1 /		19	21				1	I	39
22				1		17							38
	2				2	17	22	1			I	2	38
23	3				3	15	23	5				5	36
24	I		•		I	1 2	24	4			)	4	31
25	1			1	I	1.1	25 26	5	ţ			5	2 7
26	I		I		2	10	20	2			I,	3	2 2
27	I				I	8	27	3				3	19
28	I				1	7	28	2				2	16
29	I				I	6	29						1.4
30	I	- •			I	5	30						14
31						4	31	3			1	4	1.4
32				1	* 1	4	32						10
33	I				1	-1	33	I				I	10
34						3	34	I				1	9
35 36	I		I		2	3	35				I	I	S
30						I	36	I				I	7
37						ī	37 38	1			I	2	6
38						I	38	1				1	4
39						1	39						3
40						I	40	1				I	3
41						I	41						2
42						1	42						2
43	I				1	I	43	I				1	2
							44						1
							45	1	1			I	I
	157	0	62	8	227	1346		328	0	159	17	504	3135

TABLE I .-- Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 2I (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 22 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1503	Years	N	имв	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1508.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	80 52 58 110 47 61 42 43 43 54 41 28 23 25 30 19 22 18 16 16 20 16 14 5 1 2	I	47 220 57 57 36 36 19 15 12 8 7 2 1 1	3 11 7 3 9 7 6 4 3 3 3 6 2 1 3 1 1	47 304 120 122 150 92 87 63 59 54 64 49 31 26 28 30 23 22 19 17 14 6 1 3 2 1 1	1456 1152 1032 910 760 668 581 518 459 405 341 292 261 235 207 177 154 131 109 90 73 53 36 22 16 16 15 12 10 9 9 7 4 4 3 3 2 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 6 27 8 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	86 53 66 75 46 42 61 47 37 33 28 28 28 28 14 18 19 12 9 22 16 18 11 6 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		68 240 81 45 34 30 17 18 11 7 8 3 5 4 4 2 2	6668868812255311233221111111111111111111111111	68 332 140 119 115 84 60 81 63 47 42 36 41 34 33 16 21 22 17 18 11 7 3 1 3 1 2 2 2 1	1440 1108 968 849 734 650 590 446 399 357 321 280 246 213 182 166 145 123 107 97 75 58 40 29 22 19 18 18 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	895	4	529	75	1503	10247		856	0	583	69	1508	10277

TABLE 1.

AGE AT ENTRY I5 (Not Birthday

AGE AT ENTRY I6 (Next little sy

Years		NUM	BER C	F EN	TRANT	·s 5	Vears		NUM	BER C	F EN	TRANT	S 14.
Asstrance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died.	Tetal.	Expect to Rik of De th.
												,	
I						5	1	2		2		4	1.4
2						5	2	2		1		3	10
3			2		2	5	3			1		1	7
4	0 .		I		1	3	4						6
5 6						2	5 6						6
6						2	6	I				I	6
7 8				/		2	7 8			I		1	5
8		'				2	8						4
9						2	9						4
IO						2	10						4
II				(		2	II				1 . 4		11
12						2	12						4
13				1 1		2	13				( T		4
14						2	14				1		4
15						2	15						4
16		4.6				2	16			4.4	3		3
17						2	17						4
18						2	18		. )				4
19						2	19				1	1	4
20						2	20						3
21						2	21				1		3
22						2	22						3
23						2	23	1				I	3
24						2	24	1				I	2
25						2	25	T				1	ı
26		. 1				2							
27						2							
28						2							
29						2							
30			1		I	2							
31						I							
32						1							
33						1							
34						1							
35						I							
36						1							
37			4 -			I							
37 38						ī							
39						1							
40						1							
41						1							
42						1							
43	1				ī	1							
	I	0	4	0	5	83		 8	0	5	I	14	117
	4		4	0	3	03		0	0	J		- 4	/

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 17 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 18 (Next Birthday.)

Years	1	NUME	BER OF	ENT	TRANTS	s 37·	Years of	ſ	NUME	BER OF	ENT	RANTS	92.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
										2		2	
I	7		4		II	37	1	9		11		20	90
2	í		j		2	26	2	9		4		13	70
3	5		2		7	24	3	3		3	1	7	57
4	2		I		3	17	4	10				10	50
5	1		I		2	14	5 6	4				4	40
6	I				1	I 2	6			I		I	36
7 8	3				3	11	7 8	4			• •	4	35
						8		3				3	31
9						8	9	I				1	28
10						8	10			I		1	27
II						8	II	I				2	
12						8 8	12	1		1			25 23
13						8	13						23
14						8							23
15 16						8	15 16		; ;		I	I	23
17			1		1	8	17				ı	I	22
18				1	I	7	18	ī	i		i i	2	2 I
19						6	19						19
20						6	20				1		19
21						6	21			I	1	I	19
22						6	22						18
23						6	23	2				2	18
24	2				2	6	24	4				4	16
25						4	25 26				1	I	I 2
25 26	I				I	4		I		I	I	3	II
27 28	I				I	3	27	I		1		I	8
						2	28	1				1	7
29						2	29	I				I	6
30						2	30				* *		5
31					• •	2	31					• •	5
32						2	32						5 5
33					1 *	2 2	33 34			* *			5
34	4 6					2 2	35				1		5
35 36						2	36	I				1	5
30					1	2	37	ı		1		1	4
37 38						2	37 38	I		1		2	3
39						2	39						1
40						2	40						1
41				1	ī	2	41						I
12						ī	42	I				I	1
42 43						I							
44						I							
45	I				I	I							
	25	0	10	2	37	307		60	0	26	6	92	849

TABLE 1. - Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 23 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 24 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1708	Years	N	имв	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1725.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	95 60 63 80 62 42 52 46 43 44 39 35 31 35 19	t	72 253 80 53 44 39 21 20 11 11 8 9 9 8 4 3 3 1	55 2 4 5 5 5 4 4 1 5 5 4 4 1 3 2 3 1 .	72 352 148 121 129 103 67 77 65 58 56 54 53 47 39 22 21 25 26	1636 128.4 1136 1015 886 783 716 639 574 516 460 406 353 306 267 228 206 185	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	73 65 56 79 47 51 56 34 44 43 42 46 41 29 30 15 21 22 34		66 263 106 61 26 36 12 19 16 13 9 6 3 6 4 2 3 2	6 10 5 3 6 5 8 1 4 4 3 3 3 2 1 5 3 2	66 342 181 122 108 89 68 83 51 61 56 51 52 50 35 33 23 26 24 38	1659 1317 1136 1014 906 817 749 666 615 554 498 447 395 345 310 277 254 228 204 166
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	12 15 27 12 8 10 3 4 1 4 1 4 1 2 2  3  3  1		2	2 2 2	15 16 27 14 9 13 5 4 2 4 1 5 1 2 2 	134 119 103 76 62 53 40 35 31 29 25 24 19 18 16 14 14 11 8 8	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	30 23 15 13 4 7 9 9 4 2 3 3 1 2 2 4 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i i	3 3 4	33 27 20 13 4 7 11 9 4 3 5 3 2 4 1 1	100 133 106 86 73 69 62 51 42 38 35 30 27 26 24 21 19 15 14 13 12 12 10 5 3 3
	970	I	654	83	1708	12621		973	I	658	93	1725	13486

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 25 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 26 (Next Birthday.)

Years	1	NUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1765.	Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1730.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	78 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54		67 278 88 52 36 29 3° 18 13 9 11 7 56 3 4 2 1 2 1	6 9 6 2 6 3 6 4 3 6 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2	67 362 151 112 91 75 59 68 66 61 53 32 31 29 24 23 31 28 22 10 17 66 46 7 7 5 4 3 66 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1698 1336 1185 1073 951 860 785 726 658 592 531 478 417 357 322 290 259 230 206 183 164 133 105 83 73 56 46 40 333 28 24 21 15 14 13 12 11 10 8 6 6 5 4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	78 41 46 80 56 47 39 36 55 57 34 53 46 26 21 23 22 20 15 25 7 4 7 2 8 3 1 2 2 3 1 1 2		55 281 99 66 31 38 25 12 11 12 6 9 3 3 4 1 3 3 6 1 1 	666888166288233664233111213311121133111211331111211331111211332113211321132113	55 365 147 121 119 94 73 57 49 75 71 43 68 53 31 28 25 26 36 38 57 49 75 26 38 57 49 75 26 37 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	1675 1310 1163 1042 923 829 756 699 650 575 504 461 393 340 309 281 256 230 197 161 136 110 92 65 57 51 43 40 32 27 25 20 18 14 10 9 7 6 4 1
	1011	I	673	80	1765	14099		946	2	690	92	1730	13531

TABLE 1.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 27 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 28 (Next Birthday.)

Vears	N	имв	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1762	Years	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1738.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			75		75					63		63	
I	79		263	8	350	1687	ı	78	2	238	2	320	1675
2	48		101	7	156	1337	2	52		85	5 1	142	1355
3	50		71	3	124	1181	3	44		68	8	120	1213
4	66		26	5	97	1057	4	68		39	4	III	1093
5	59		34	5	98	960		37		35	2	7.4	982
5 6	41		18	3	62	862	5 6	51		24	8	83	908
7 8	40		18	6	64	800	7 8	46		16	6	68	825
	47		16	4	67	736	8	51		18	9	78	757
9	48		5	7	60	669	9	49		II	9	69	679
10	47		5	1	53	609	10	46		1.1	4	61	610
II	48		6	4	58	556	II	43		8	5	56	549
12	39		10	3	52	498	12	46		2	3	51	493
13	47		3	J	51	446	13	48		6	7	61	442
14	49		5	1	5.5	395	14	26		4	I	31	381
15	13		5	2	20	340	15	29	• •	3	1	33	350
16	25		3	2	30	320	16	19		3	1	23	317
17	26		I	2	29	290	17	20		I	2	23	294
18	23		I	I	25	261	18	22		2	I	25	271
19	26		2	4	32	236	19	24		I	I	26 26	246
20 21	16		2	1 1	25	204	20	19		2	5		194
22	18		2	2	20	179	2I 22	33 28	2	3	3	39	155
23			I 2	3	36	159	23		3		I	32	123
24	30	3	ī	1	11	137	24	33			3 2	8	87
25	9			2	11	90	25	10			I	11	79
26	7				7	79	26	9			3	1.2	68
27	7				7	72	27	6				6	56
28	I				1	65	28	2			I	3	50
29	6		3	I	10	64	29	2			1	3	47
30	3		1		4	54	30	2			1	3	44
31	5				5	50	31	1			2	3	41
32	5			1	6	45	32	3			I	1 4	38
33	9			I	IO	39	33	9				9	34
34	2			2	4	29	34	2				2	25
35	ī				I	25	35	2				2	23
36	1				I	2.4	36	I				1	2 [
37	3				3	23	37	3			I	4	20
38	3			1	4	20	38	3			I	4	16
39	I				1	16	39	3				3	12
40	3			2	5	15	40	1				I	9
41	2		* 4	I	3	10	41	5			4 4	5	8
42						7	42						3
43	3				3	7	43	I				1	3 2
44 45	2 2				2 2	4 2	44 45	2				2	2
70			680	88	1762		40		- · ·	642		1738	14820
	991	3	000	00	1/02	14760		985	5	643	105	1/30	14020

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 29 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 30 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	UMBI	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1655.	Years	N	UMBI	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1587.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
_			57		57	, #O.Q	I			50		50	1527
1 2	72	• •	224 87	I	297 148	1598	2	70	• •	83	6	142	1537
3	52 57		49	9	116	1153	3	53 49		50	4	103	1104
4	73		34	5	112	1037	4	46	::	28	8	82	1001
5	40		36	3	79	925	5	41		34	3	78	919
5 6	37		20	6	63	846	5 6	38	, .	28	6	72	841
7 8	35		16	7	58	783	7 8	46	٠.	31	6	83	769
	44		I 2	4	60	725	8	49		15	2	66	686
9	37		6	7	50	665	9	41		13	I	55	620
10	37	I	5	3	46	615	10	42		5	6	53	565
II	48	I	10	4	63	569	II	25		I	7	33	512
12	5 I 46		4	5	60	506 446	12 13	43	• •	5	5	53 46	479 426
14	35		7	3	57 42	389	14	40 31		3	4	38	380
15	30		4	] J	35	347	15	20		5	7	32	342
16	26		7	3	36	312	16	20		2	5	27	310
17	24		2	I	27	276	17	27		4	5	36	283
18	2 I		2	I	24	249	18	2 I		3	3	27	247
19	25			3	28	225	19	16		5	3	24	220
20	14		• • •	2	16	197	20	19	5	1		25	196
21	27	2	2	3	34	181	21	19	3		3	25	171
22	14		I	2	17	147	22	16		2	2	22	146
23 24	17 14		I	ı	15	130	23 24	15		I 2	3	19	124
25	6		. I	2	9	97	25	13		1	I	11	85
26	5			4	9	88	26	6			1	7	74
27	5		I	4	10	79	27	4			1	5	67
28	6			I	7	69	28	4			1	5	62
29	6		I	1	8	62	29	5			I	6	57
30	3			2	5	54	30	2	I		2	5	51
31	3		I	2	6	49	31	4		• •		8	46
32	4	I		2	7 6	43	32	6 2	• •	I	I	2	42
33 34	4 5			2 2		36 30	33 34	3		I	3	7	34 32
35	5 3				7 3	23	35		::				25
35 36	1				1	20	36	2		1	I	4	25
37	2				2	19	37	2				2	2 1
38	I			I	2	17	38	2				2	19
39	I			I	2	15	39	4				4	17
40	2				2	13	40	2		٠.	I	3	13
41	I			I	2	11	41				I	I	10
42	3				3	9	42	3				3	9
43 44	3				3		43 44	ī			. ·	2	5
44	2				2	3 3	44	I				I	3
45 46	I				I	I	45 46	2				2	2
	943	5	594	113	1655	14481		872	9	598	108	1587	13934

TABLE 1.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 31 (Next Birthday)

AGE AT ENTRY 32 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1619	Vears	N	UMBE	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1516.
\surance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	58 49 63 37 36 47 34 36 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	3	64 241 89 54 32 38 23 21 18 9 5 3 5 4 4 4 3 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1	7 6 5 3 5 1 3 5 2 1 3 5 5 1 1 3 5 5 1 1 3 5 5 1 1 3 5 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	64 314 154 104 102 81 64 72 57 46 48 39 36 18 27 28 33 27 10 10 8 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1555 1241 1087 983 881 800 736 664 607 561 507 461 413 374 338 320 293 260 233 210 182 149 130 103 86 76 66 58 55 45 40 36 40 36 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	61 40 33 53 42 35 37 33 44 42 25 44 34 35 20 20 25 19 17 13 4 4 5 4 4 5 6 7 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	4 i	63 219 77 50 40 24 23 117 13 11 5 6 6 6 5 1  2 	2 8 7 5 3 1 3 5 6 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 2 2 4 5 3 3 3 1 2 1 1 1 1 3 3 1	63 282 125 90 98 69 57 51 61 52 34 53 42 24 22 23 15 7 7 7 6 6 2 2 7 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1453 1171 1046 956 858 789 730 673 622 561 509 475 422 379 337 313 290 270 248 217 191 163 141 118 103 69 60 55 50 45 31 45 45 45 46 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47
	885	14	625	95	1619	13688		824	9	578	105	1516	13714

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 33 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 34 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1378.	Years of	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1278.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 224 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Existing.  37 45 40 50 36 30 26 36 35 26 25 21 12 24 8 22 20 19 13 13 4 4 10 1 1 2 6 2 2 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 2			Died  36 4 9 56 8 7 5 2 2 13 3 2 3 3 4 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 2 2	Total.  50 244 125 86 86 68 66 52 50 53 39 33 53 41 28 20 28 10 27 23 25 13 15 4 6 12 5 6 7 3 3 4 4 3 4 5 1 1 2 2	Exposed to Risk of Death.  1328 1084 959 873 787 719 653 601 551 498 459 426 373 332 304 267 239 219 191 181 154 131 106 93 78 74 68 56 51 46 40 33 30 27 27 27 23 20 16 11 10 9 7	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 11 12 13 14 15 6 17 8 19 0 11 2 2 2 2 2 4 2 5 6 2 7 8 2 9 3 1 3 2 3 3 4 5 6 3 7 8 3 9 4 1 4 2	Existing.			Died.  4 4 12 6 7 3 4 4 2 7 2 4 3 2 7 5 1 1 2 3 1 4 4 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 4 4 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 4 4 4	Total.  40 204 113 104 78 60 46 60 56 46 50 38 31 40 31 26 19 25 22 26 24 19 12 7 7 6 1 3 3 2 4 2 2 6 2 1 1	Exposed to Risk of Death.  1238 1034 921 817 739 679 633 573 517 471 421 383 352 312 281 255 236 211 189 180 158 132 108 89 77 68 62 50 43 36 30 29 26 23 21 19 15 13 11 5 3
43 44 45	I I 2		0 0	I	1 1 3	5 4 3	43 44	1				1	1
	707	8	549	114	1378	12166		667	12	481	118	1278	11464

TABLE I. Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 35 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 36 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	UMBI	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1231	Years	N	BMUI	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1145.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			41		41					46	. 1	46	
I	10		151	2	193	1190	I	39		151	8	198	1099
2	36	3	64	2	105	997	2	2.4		68	7	99	901
3	33		36	I	70	892	3	41		38	3	82	802
4	39		30	4	73	822	4	40		26	4	70	720
5	44		28	6	78	749		29		19	4	52	650
5	19		23	8	50	671	5 6	29		15	6	50	598
	26		15	8	49	621	7	22		13	2	37	548
7	23		13	2	38	572	8	28		11	6	45	511
9	33		9	5	47	534	9	34		6	4	44	466
10	32		S	2	42	487	10	25	1	5	4	35	122
II	27		7	7	41	445	II	26		5	3	34	387
12			9	5	51	445	12	29		7	3	39	353
13	37		5	2	31	353	13	34		5	3	40	314
	18						14	19	2	1	1 1	23	274
14			7 2	7 6	3 <sup>2</sup> 38	322	15	22		6	4	32	251
15 16	27	3	6			290	16	10			2	15	219
	17			1	24	252	17	16		3 2	2	20	204
17 18			2	3	23		18					23	184
	2 I		I	5	27	205		17		3	3		161
19	1.4			3	17	178	19	13	1			15	146
20	17	3	2	2	2.4	161	20	10	2	2	3	17	
21	13	2	1	4	20	137	21	17			I	18	129
22	2 7		2	2	31	117	22	1 7	4 4		I	16	
23	15	I	I	I	18	86	23	14			2		93
24	S			I	9	68	24	1 1	I	1	I	1.4	77
25	S	3	1	1	13	59	25	5			4	9	63
26	5				5	46	26	4			I	5	54
27	ĩ			3	10	41	27	2			5	7	49
28	1		1	2	4	31	28	-1				4	42
29	I			I	2	27	29	3	1			4	38
30	2	1	I		3	25	30	2			2	4	34
31	1	1			1	2 2	31	4			I	5	30
32	6			3	9	2 [	32	3		I		4	25
33						1.2	33	2			I	3	21
34						1.2	34	I				ľ	18
35				1	1	1 2	35	Į.			2	3	17
36	2				2	1.1	36	1			I	2	1.4
37	1)+			1	I	9	37	I			Ţ	2	1 2
38	2				2	8	38	2				2	10
39	2				2	6	39	Ţ			2	3	8
40	1				I	4	40	2			2	4	5
41						3	41						I
42						3	42						I
43	Ţ				T.	3	43						1
44	I				1	2	44	I				ľ	1
45	1				1	1							
	649	15	466	IOI	1231	11139		605	8	435	97	1145	10064

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 37 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 38 (Next Birthday.)

Years	1	NUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	1077.	Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	990.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			33		33					40		40	
I	36		146	2	184	1044	I	36		123	2	161	950
2	37	1	62	4	104	860	2	28		63	3	94	789
3	28	1	30		59	756	3	28		24	5	57	695
4	36		24	3	63	697	4	36		19	3	58	638
5	26		19	5	50	634	5 6	25		19	I	4.5	580
5 6	2.4		13	6	43	584	6	18		13	4	35	535
	36		12	4	52	541	7	23		16		39	500
7 8	23		9	4	36	489	8	23		14	6	43	461
1	22		6	2	30	453	9	15		3	3	21	418
9						423	10	24		8	3	35	397
10	31		4	7	42 26	381	II	22		6	2	30	362
II			7						, .	6			
12	28		4	2	34	355	12	2 1				27 28	332
13	25		3	1	29	321	13	25		I	2		305
14	22		2	5	29	292	14	17		4	4	25	277
15	25		4	7	36	263	15	20		4	4	28	252
16	15		I		16	227	16	19		2		21	224
17	14		2	3	19	2 I I	17	16	2	I	2	21	203
18	13		1	1	15	192	18	15	I		3	19	182
19	9	2			11	177	19	15			2	17	163
20	12		2	4	18	166	20	14		I	3	18	146
21	19		I	2	22	148	21	11		i	5	17	128
22	18		2	1	24	126	22	21		2	3	26	111
		2		6		102	23	14	1	ı	3	19	85
23	23			1 1	31					1	2	12	66
24	7	I		I	9	7 I 62	24	9					
25 26	4		1		5		25	3				3	54
	6		1	I	8	57	26	6			1	7	51
27 28				4	4	49	27	8	1.1		1	9	44
	3			I	4	45	28	1				I	35
29	2			2	4	41	29	2			4	6	34
30	I			1	2	37	30					* *	28
31	4			I	5	35	31	2			I	3	28
32	3			1	4	30	32	3		ī	, I	5	25
33			I	1	2	26	33	3			: 2	5	20
34	1			2	3	24	34						15
35						2 I	35	1				I	15
35 36				1	ī	21	36	I			2	3	14
37				2	2	20	37	2			1	3	1.1
38	1				ī	18	38	2			i	3	8
	-		1		4	17	39		)				5
39	1		1	3	1	13	40	I				I	5
40	3				3	10			, ,		1	1	4
41	2		1		3	à contra de la contra del la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra del la contra de la contra del la	41			1	I	1	3
42	3				3	7	42	1				I	2
43	2			1	3	4	43				I	li .	1
44						I	44	I				ī	1
45	1		1		1	1							
	-0:				7.000	10070		FOT	4	272	82	000	9201
	583	7	392	95	1077	10052		531	4	373	02	990	9201

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 39 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 40 (Next Birthday.)

Years	1	NUME	BER OF	ENT	TRANTS	860.	Years	١	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	815
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Tota!.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1 22 23 24 5 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 6 37 38 39 44 1 42 43 44 45	31 25 21 33 20 20 33 21 21 25 18 22 17 17 10 10 10 13 7 10 21 20 9 3 4 3 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	3	27 104 38 31 20 17 14 7 4 3 3 3 1 2 1	5 4 4 6 2 6 2 2 4 5 5 3 1 3 2 2 5 6 2 2 3 1 3 3 2	27 141 67 56 59 39 40 42 27 32 34 24 26 20 22 15 20 14 16 10 11 27 25 11 3 5 4 3 6 4 4 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 3	833 692 625 569 510 471 431 389 362 330 296 272 246 226 204 189 169 155 139 129 118 91 66 55 52 47 43 40 34 30 26 27 21 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	31 29 19 33 18 21 26 22 21 21 28 27 20 10 4 11 10 14 11 6 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7	23 83 35 26 15 20 9 8 9 5 1 1 1 1 	1 1 5 8 2 3 5 7 2 2 2 4 1 1 2 3 2 4 3 4	23 116 65 51 56 41 33 39 38 29 28 27 34 30 22 15 12 14 15 23 12 16 12 7 3 3 5 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	792 676 611 560 504 463 430 391 353 324 296 269 235 205 183 168 156 142 127 112 89 77 61 49 42 39 34 32 31 28 25 24 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
	470	6	289	95	860	8006		463	13	263	76	815	7606

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 41 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 42 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	740.	Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	656.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Existing.  33 24 19 32 12 21 15 23 16 15 18 18 13 20 12 11 6 7 7 12 6 10 9 2 1			Died  3 2 4 3 2 1 5 1 4 2 6 3 1 4 1 3 2 2 2 3 2	Total.  19 126 63 46 47 29 43 31 33 24 18 30 20 19 25 19 15 12 8 15 11 16 8 11 11 5 1	Risk of Death.  721 595 532 486 439 410 367 336 303 279 261 231 211 192 167 148 133 121 113 98 87 71 63 52 41 36 35 30	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Existing	tured.  I   I   I   I		5 1 3 2 1 6 3 1 3 1 6 1 3 5 1 2 2 1 4 5 5	24 108 54 46 37 30 28 41 20 20 25 15 20 23 8 17 13 15 8 13 12 13 7 3 16 5	832 524 470 424 387 357 329 288 267 247 227 202 187 167 144 136 119 106 91 83 70 58 45 38 35 32 31 25
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	1 2	8	267	2 1 1 3  1  2  2	3  3 2 4  1 2 2  4  3 1 1	27 24 24 21 19 15 15 14 12 10 6 5 2	29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	2 I 2 I 2 I 1 354	4		2 I	2 4 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 656	20 18 14 13 11 10 10 10 8 6 6 6 6 4 3 2 1

TABLE I. Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 43 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 44 (Next Pirthday)

Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	590	Vears	١	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	501.
Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death,
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	11 12 11 12 11 14 15 13 17 16 9 10 12 8 4 3 5 5 2 2 1	I	15 86 30 12 7 14 10 14 4 3 2 2 1	2 2 4 3 2 5 5 6 2 2 3	15 107 46 33 29 27 22 30 21 20 18 19 18 18 11 15 9 13 14 12 11 6 5 7 4 2 3 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	575 468 422 389 360 333 311 281 260 240 222 203 185 167 149 138 125 114 99 90 77 63 51 40 34 29 22 18 16 13 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	17 14 17 18 16 8 13 10 12 15 6 16 20 11 3 4 3 7 5 5 10 3 3 3 1 1 2 1 1 1	3 2	1.4 68 21 19 8 13 9 8 3 4 3 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	1 1 3 2 5 3 4 3 3 2 2 3 1 1	14 86 36 39 28 35 20 25 16 19 20 10 19 22 14 4 8 6 6 6 4 9 7 7 7 12 3 4 3 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	487 401 365 326 298 263 243 218 202 183 163 153 134 112 98 94 86 80 74 70 61 54 47 35 32 28 25 21 20 17 17 13 98 98 98 91 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
	308	6	202	74	590	5551		257	8	180	56	501	4457

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 45 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 46 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	имв	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	486.	Years	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	386.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	15 14 17 15 13 12 25 8 8 14 12 11 8 9 7 6 6 8 12 8 6 1 2 2 1 2 1	4	14 51 13 7 13 2 6 3 3 6 2 2 2 2 	3 2 7 2 2 1 4 2 5 1 6 2 2 5 5 4 5 3 1 2 3 2 2 3 1 1 1 1	14 69 27 32 29 28 16 32 15 13 25 15 19 11 16 11 13 11 4 7 9 14 11 8 1 4 4 4 3 1 1 3 2 1 1	472 403 376 344 315 287 271 239 224 211 186 171 152 140 129 113 102 89 78 74 67 58 44 33 25 24 20 16 11 12 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	10 9 15 11 7 9 12 10 5 12 10 6 6 11 11 6 6 6 5 6 4 13 6 10 2 1 1 1 1 1 1		9 43 13 11 6 13 7 8 3 2 5 3 4 1 2		9 59 24 27 20 24 18 23 15 11 20 10 15 5 9 5 15 6 11 3 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	377 318 294 267 247 223 205 182 167 156 136 126 111 100 92 82 75 69 64 55 50 35 29 18 11 11 18 88 88 86 57 58 58 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69
	257	5	143	81	486	4710		206	I	135	44	386	3594

TABLE I. Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 47 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 48 (Next Birthday.)

Years of		NUM	BER O	EN.	TRANTS	s 364	Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	323
Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	20 8 11 14 9 8 12 14 6 13 10 9 15 5 5 4 3 2 6 4 3 6 		8 30 14 16 6 11 7 1 6 1 1 1 1	3 3 1 2 1 2 4 1 3 3 4 1 3 2 1 1	8 53 25 30 21 22 16 15 24 7 18 15 13 19 9 7 5 6 6 10 7 4 7 	356 3°38 2-18 2-27 2°55 189 174 150 143 125 110 97 869 62 57 14 14 12 99 87 75 33 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	. 14 4 9 10 12 2 12 9 9 11 7 7 14 12 6 5 4 4 4 3 5 3 3 1 1	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	6 3° 11 9 6 7 8 2 4 3 3 2 1 1	2 5 2 2 5 4 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	6 44 17 23 18 21 15 18 21 16 9 19 17 7 7 6 7 8 3 7 4 2 5 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	317 273 256 233 215 194 179 161 146 134 118 109 90 73 66 59 53 46 38 35 28 24 22 17 15 12 11 10 98 88 87 73 33 33 34 11
	192	6	112	54	364	3190		166	3	95	59	323	2987

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 49 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 50 (Next Birthday.)

Years	N	IUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	293	Years	N	шмв	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	283.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	12 8 11 7 9 7 3 8 4 5 4 6 6 9 5 7 5 3 3 1 2 2 3 1	3	7 33 12 13 7 4 8 6 1 1 2		7 47 25 27 15 17 18 12 10 12 12 8 10 12 8 10 12 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	286 239 214 187 172 155 137 125 115 103 91 83 73 61 53 43 33 29 25 24 22 17 15 12 11 9 6 6 6 3 3 2 1 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41		I	7 28 18 7 4 7 1 3 2 1	2 1 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 2 1 2 4 1 1 1 4 1 1 2 1	7 45 25 14 15 23 11 10 11 18 11 18 11 5 9 13 8 4 4 6 9 3 2 5 3 1 1 2 1 2	276 231 206 192 177 154 143 133 122 111 93 82 77 68 55 47 43 39 33 24 21 19 14 11 10 10 9 7 6 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	131	9	98	55	293	2365	42	145	4	85	49	283	2432

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 51 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 52 (Next Birthday.)

Year	1	NUME	ER OF	ENT	TRANTS	203.	Years	1	NUME	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	175.
Vssurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	11 6 3 5 8 7 9 8 3 6 5 8 7 9 8 3 6 5 1 4 3 1 		8 19 5 2 2 3 6 6 2	3	8 31 11 5 9 12 16 11 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	195 164 153 148 139 127 111 100 90 85 74 66 56 51 42 34 33 28 24 21 18 14 10 76 3 3 3	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	7 3 4 5 6 1 5 3 6 6 4 7 6 3 3 3 3 3 2 		9 25 9 3 3 2 4 1 2 2	3 1 2 3 1 2 1 1 5 1 1	9 32 15 8 10 8 8 7 5 5 8 10 5 7 7 7 4 4 5 9 3 2 1	166 134 119 111 101 93 85 78 73 65 55 50 43 36 32 27 18 15 12 8 5 4 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
	114	I	51	37	203	1808		84	I	63	27	175	1371

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 53 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 54 (Next Birthday.)

	l N	LIMPI		ENT	RANTS	T40			LIMO	ED OF	ENT	RANTS	TT2
Years	14	OIVIDI	ER OF	EN I	RANIS	149.	Years	l IN	UIVID	ER OF	ENI	naiiio	113.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			6		6					2		2	
I	12		16		28	143	I	7		10		17	111
2	6		5	2	13	115	2	5		I	I	7	94
3	2		5	2	9	102	3	2		2	I	5	87
	4			2	6	93	4	7		2		9	82
5 6	4		3	1	8	87	5 6	5		6	2	13	73
6	4			4	8	79	6	6		3		9	60
7 8	4			2	6	7 I	7 8	3			1	4	51
8	2		I	1	4	65	8	3			2	5	47
9	1		I	r	3	61	9	1			1	2	42
ΙÓ	3			2	5	58	10	2		I		3	40
II	1		I	1	3	53	II	5		1	1	7	37
12	2	1		1	4	50	12	5			I	6	30
13	8		1	I	10	46	13	5				5	24
14	3		3	2	8	36	14						19
15	I		ī	1	3	28	15	4				4	19
15 16	1		I		2	25	16				ī	1	15
	3				3	23	17		, .		2	2	14
17 18						20	18						12
19	r		I		2	20	19	2				2	12
20	2			2	4	18	20	1				1	10
21	2	1	I	1	4	14	21				1	I	9
22	1			1	2	10	22						8
23	3			1	4	8	23	I			1	2	8
24						4	24						6
25 26				2	2	4	25	• •		• •			6
						2	26	1				1	6
27 28						2	27			1	2	3	5
						2	28				• •		2
29		٠.				2	29					'	2
30	I			1	2	2	30				1	I	2
							31			• •			1
							32						3
							33				. ,		I
							34		• •		I	I	I
	71	I	46	31	149	1243		65	0	29	19	113	937

TABLE I. Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 55 (Next Birthday,)

AGE AT ENTRY 56 (Next Birthday)

Years of		NUME	BER OF	EN'	TRANTS	3 131	Vears of	1	NUME	BER OF	ENT	RANTS	80.
Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing	Ma- tured.	With- drawn,	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death,
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	9 3 7 11 7 3 5 3 3 4 4 3 3 2	1	2 10 6 5	1 1 2 4 4	2 19 11 13 12 11 8 5 11 3 9 4 6 4 1 1 2 2 1	129 110 99 86 74 63 55 50 39 36 27 23 17 13 12 11 9 7 6 5 5 5	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2 4 3 3 2 1 3 6 6  2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1		1 8 3 3 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	1 1 8 7 3 4 3 3 7 3 3 4 2 2 2 2 1 1	79 68 60 53 50 46 43 40 33 30 27 23 21 19 17 15 9 8 6
	66	3	35	27	131	893		44	0	18	18	80	658

TABLE I. Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 57 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 58 (Next Birthday.)

Years		NUM	BER O	F EN	TRANTS	5 74	Years		NUM	BER O	F EN	TRANT	s 61.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			I		ī		_			I		I	60
I	6		7		13	73	I	5		6	I	12	
2	3		2		5	60	2	3		I	1	5	48
3	3		2	2	7	55	3			I		I	43
4	3				3	48	4	I			I	2	42
5 6	2		2	I	5	45	5 6	2		I		3	40
0	I	• •			1	40		4				4	37
7 8	I		I		2	39	7	2		* *		6	33
	3			τ	4	37		4		• •	2		31 25
9	I				I	33	9	1		• •	2 2	3	25
10	I		3	I	5	32	10	3		т.	1	5	17
II I2	3				3	27	12	1		•		3	1.4
	I			2	3	2.4	_		٠.	• •			13
13	I		1		2	21	13 14	2				2	13
14	1	• •	* *	2	3	19	15	ī			ı	2	11
15			* 1			16	16	ī			1 1	I .	9
	1			3	4	12	17	ī			3	4	8
17	I				-	11	18					4	4
19	3				3	8	19				'		4
20	2		 I	1		8	20	2				2	4
21	I				4 I	4	21	I				1	2
22	I		• •	1	2	3	22						1
23	-					3	23						ī
24						1	24						ī
25	• •		4 *			ī	25						I
26	• •			. ·	I (	1	26						1
20					1		27				1	1	1
	39	0	20	15	74	635	_	35	0	II	15	61	486

TABLE I.-Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 59 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 60 (Next Birthday.)

Years	1	NUMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	53	Years of	ľ	NUME	BER OI	FENT	RANTS	s 46.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured	Wi hedrawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of I eath.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2 7 3 1 2 1 I	3	2 11 9 3 5 2 2 3 1 4 3 2 1 1 2 1	51 40 31 28 23 21 21 19 16 15 11 11 8 6 5 4 4 4 4 3 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	3 4 1 3 1 I 2 2 2 2 I		3	1 1 1 1 3 3 1	9 6 2 4 5 5 II 4 4	46 37 31 29 25 20 20 19 15 14 11 96 3
	22	0	17	14	53	340		23	0	13	10	46	307

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 61 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 62 (Next Birthday.)

Years of		NUM	BER O	F EN	TRANTS	3 21.	Years		NUM	BER OI	EN.	TRANTS	s 18.
Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Existing.  I  I  I  I  I  I  I  I  I  I  I  I  I	tured.	drawn.  2 I I I	Jied.	1 otal.  3 3 3	Risk of Death.  21 18 15 15 15 14 13 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 4 3 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	2			I I I	1 4 1 2 3 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Risk of Death.  17 13 12 12 11 9 6 6 6 5 3 1 1 1 1 1
	8	I	7	5	21	203		8	0	5	5	18	114

TABLE I. Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 63 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 64 (Next Birthday.)

Vears		NUME	BER O	F EN	TRANT	S 14.	Years of	N	UMB	ER OF	ENT	RANTS	18.
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	2 t I I I			I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	1 3 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	13 10 10 9 9 7 5 4 3 3 3 2 1 1 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	3 1 2 4 1 2 1				 6 1 2 4 1 2 2	18 12 11 9 5 4 2
	7	0	2	5	14	90		14	0	2	2	18	6I

TABLE I. -- Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 65 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 66 (Next Birthday.)

Years	1	NUME	BER OF	ENT	RANTS	<b>2</b> 0.	Years of	NUMBER OF ENTRANTS 8.						
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	I 2 I I I I I		 I 2  I 		 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2  2 1	20 18 16 14 12 10 9 7 7 7 5 4 4 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	I			I	2 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 6 6 5 4 4 3 3 2 2 2 2	
16					· ·	I								
	8	0	4	8	20	131		3	0	3	2	8	48	

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 67 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 68 (Next Birthday.)

Years		NUME	BER O	F EN	TRANTS	5 5.	Years	NUMBER OF ENTRANTS 5.					
of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	of Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.
			I		1								
I						4	I						5
2	I		I		2	4	2			ı		I	5
3						2	3	ı				I	4
4				I	ī	2	4						3
5						I	5		)		1	I	3
6						I	6	I				ī	2
7	I				I	I	7 8						1
							8				1		I
							9						ī
							10						I
							II						1
							12				I	I	I
	2	0	2	I	5	15		2	0	I	2	5	28

TABLE I.—Continued.

AGE AT ENTRY 69 (Next Birthday.)

AGE AT ENTRY 70 (Next Birthday.)

Years of		мим	BER O	F EN	ITRANT	S I.	Years of	Years NUMBER OF ENTRAN					ITS 0.	
Assurance	Existing. Matured. Withdrawn. Died. Total. Exposed to Risk of Death.		Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.					
I			• •			I								
3 4		• •	• •			I								
5 6 7					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I I								
	0	0	0	I	I	7								

AGE AT ENTRY 71 (Next Birthday.)

Years of		NUMBER OF ENTRANTS I.										
Assurance	Existing.	Ma- tured.	With- drawn.	Died.	Total.	Exposed to Risk of Death.						
I				· · ·		I						
	0	0	0	I	I	I						

TABLE II.

SUMMARY OF OBSERVATIONS.

		Ulti	mate Disposal	of Entran	ts into			Ulti	nate Dispesa	l of Entrai	ts into
Age at Entry, (Next Birthday)	Number of Entrants.	Died.	Matured and Withdrawn.	With- drawn within first six months.	Existing.	Age at Entry. (Next Birthday)	Number of Entrants.	Died.	M. tured and Withdrawn.	With- drawn within first six menths.	Existing.
15 16 17 18 19	5 14 37 92 227	1 2 6 8	4 5 10 24 51		1 8 25 60 157	45 46 47 48 49	486 386 364 323 293	81 44 54 59 55	134 127 110 92	1 4 9 8 6	257 206 192 166 131
20 21 22 23 24	504 1503 1508 1708	17 75 69 83 93	136 486 515 583 593	23 47 68 72 66	328 895 856 970 973	50 51 52 53 54	283 203 175 149 113	49 37 27 31	8 2 4 4 5 5 4 1 2 7	7 8 9 6 2	145 114 84 71 65
25 26 27 28 29	1765 1730 1762 1738 1655	80 92 88 105 113	607 637 608 585 542	67 55 75 63 57	946 991 985 943	55 56 57 58 59	131 80 74 61 53	27 18 15 15 14	36 17 19 10	2 1 1 1 2	66 44 39 35 22
30 31 32 33 34	1587 1619 1516 1378 1278	95 105 114 118	557 575 524 507 453	50 64 63 50 40	872 885 824 707 667	60 61 62 63 64	46 21 18 14 18	5 5 5 5	13 8 4 1	1 1	23 8 8 7
35 36 37 38 39	1231 1145 1077 990 860	97 95 82 95	397 366 337 268	41 46 33 40 27	649 605 583 531 470	65 66 67 68 69	20 8 5 5	8 2 1 2	3	 I	8 3 2 2
40 41 42	815 740 656	76 82 72	253 256 206	23 19 24	463 383 354	70 71	1	ī		6. 0	
43	590	74 56	193	15	308 257	TOTAL,	35.287	2.789	11,838	1,241	19.419

TABLE III.

Part 1.—Unadjusted Expasures and Deaths for ages to be attained next birthday.

Part 2.—Exposures and Deaths for completed ages, with radix of 10,000 at age 20. Unadjusted.

		PAR	T L					PAR	Т 2.		
Age next Birthday	$E_{x-\frac{1}{3}}$	Died $d_{x-\frac{1}{3}}$	Age next Birthday	$E_{x-1/3}$	Died d <sub>x-1/3</sub>	Completed Age	Exposed E <sub>x</sub>	Died d <sub>x</sub>	Completed Age	Exposed  Exposed	Died d <sub>x</sub>
15 16 17 18	5 19 52 126	• •	57 58 59	3,341 3,023 2,740	54 54 65	20 21 22 23	10,000 9,947 9,914 9,859	53 33 55 44	60 61 62 63	7,064 6,887 6,713 6,515	177 174 198
19	318 726	5	60 61 62	2,378 2,094 1,861	61 50 52	24 25	9,815 9,763	5 <sup>2</sup> 58	64	6,321	168
2I 22 23 24	2,026 3,075 4,181 5,151	4 19 18 25	63 64 65	1,655 1,461	54 35 41	26 27 28 29	9,705 9,651 9,608 9,565	54 43 43 48	66 67 68 69	5,949 5,732 5,512 5,283	217 220 229 231
25 26 27	6,042 6,809 7,515	36 41 34	66 67 68 69	1,120 953 827 692	36 33 31	30 31 32	9,517 9,466 9,421	5 I 4 5 4 5	70 71 72	5,052 4,831 4,555	221 276 333
28	8,215 8,785	36 42	70 71	600	25 25	33 34	9,376 9,322	54 61	73 74	3,655	274 293 291
30 31 32 33 34	9,274 9,736 10,068 10 287 10,446	51 48 46 53 72	72 73 74 75 76	435 359 287	33 23 20	35 36 37 38 39	9,251 9,202 9,141 9,090 9,036	59 61 51 54 63	75 76 77 78 79	3,055 3 364 3.108 2,775 2,365	256 333 410 343
35 36 37 38	10,530 10,500 10,404 10,244	63 75 56 61	77 78 79	196 163 124 89	1.4 14 19	40 41 42 43	8,973 8,902 8,844 8,791	71 58 53 65	80 81 82 83	2,022 1,694 1,423 1,150	328 266 278 249
39 40 41 42 43	9,802 9,534 9,201 8,864	82 68 49 64	80 81 82 83 84	65 48 33 22 16	7 6 5 3	44 45 46 47 48	8,726 8,659 8,587 8,509 8,421	67 72 78 88 83	84 85 86 87 88	759 663 504 398	96 159 106 27
44 45 46 47 48 49	8,425 8,002 7,602 7,193 6,800 6,378	64 65 64 75 70 58	86 87 88 89 90	7 5 5 3	2 2  1	50 51 52 53 54	8,338 8,259 8,170 8,076 7,985 7,872	79 89 94 91 113	90 91 92 93 94	371 283 177 106 106	88 106 71 
50 51 52 53 54	5,992 5,553 5,134 4.751 4,358	61 66 55 60 74	91 92 93 94 95 96	2 I I I		55 56 57 58 59	7,745 7,631 7,512 7,386 7,240	114 119 126 146 176	95 96 97	106 106 71	 35 71
55 56	4,002 3,665	58 56	97 Total,	296 481	2,789						

TABLE IV.

## GRADUATED MORTALITY TABLE.

GENERAL EXPERIENCE.

	Number Living.	Number Dying.	Probability of Living a Year.	Probability of Dying in a Year,	Complete Expectation of Life.
Age.	$l_x$	$d_{x}$	$f_{x}$	I i	·
20	100,000	.163	.995373	.004627	46.249
21	99,537	464	.995335	.004665	45.462
22	99,073	.166	.995294	.004706	44.673
23	98,607	469	.995248	.004752	43.881
24	98,138	471	.995197	.004803	43.089
25	97,667	475	.995142	.004858	42.294
26	97,192	478	.995080	.004020	41.498
27	96.714	.482	.995013	.004987	40.701
28	96,232	.187	.994938	.005062	39.902
29	95.7.45	493	.994856	.0051.14	39.103
-					
30	95,252	499	.994765	.005235	38.303
31	94.753	505	.99.4665	.005335	37.502
32	94,248	513	-994555	.005445	36.700
33	93,735	522	-994433	.005567	35.898
34	93.213	532	.994298	.005702	35.096
35	92,681	542	.994150	.005850	34.298
36	92,139	554	.993987	.006013	33 494
37	91,585	567	.993807	.006193	32.603
38	91,018	582	.993609	.006391	31.89.1
39	90,436	597	.993390	.006610	31.096
40	89,839	616	.993148	.006852	
41	89,223	635	.992882	.007118	30.299
42	88 588	657	.992590	.007410	29.505
43	87,931	685	.992265	.007735	
44	87,251	706	.991909	.008001	27.924 27.137
		·			
45	86,545	734	.991516	.008484	26.355
46	85,811	765	.991082	.008918	25 576
47	85.046	799	.990604	.009396	24.801
48	84,247	836	.990078	.009922	24.032
49	83,411	876	.989497	.010503	23.268
50	82,535	920	.988857	.011143	22.509
51	81,615	967	.988151	.011849	21.757
52	80,648	1,018	.987374	.012626	21.012
53	79,630	1,074	.986518	.013482	20.275
54	78,556	1,133	.985574	.014426	19.545
55	77,423	1,198	.984534	.015466	18.824
55 56	76,225	1,266	.983388	.015400	18.112
57	74.959	1,340	.982126	.017874	
57 58	73,619	1,418	.980736	.019264	17.409 16.717
59	72,201	1,501	.979208	.020792	16.035
				1.5	
60	70,700	1,500	.977520	.022.180	15.365
61	69,110	1,682	.975661	.024336	14.707
62	67,428	1,778	.973622	.026378	14.061

## TABLE IV.—Continued.

## GRADUATED MORTALITY TABLE.

GENERAL EXPERIENCE.

Age.	Number Living.	Number Dying.	Probability of Living a Year.	Probability of Dying in a Year.	Complete Expectation of Life.
	1,x	$d_x$	<i>t</i>	$q_x$	° (x
63	65,650	1,880	.971374	.028626	13.429
64	63,770	1,983	.968901	.031099	12.810
65	61,787	2,089	.966181	.033819	12.205
65 67	59,698 5 <b>7</b> ,500	2,198	.963189	.036811	11.615
68	55,194	2,306 2,412	.959901 .956287	.040099 .043713	11.039
69	52,782	2,517	.952318	.047682	9.936
70	50,265	2,616	.947959	.052041	9.408
71	47,649	2,707	.943175	.056825	8.897
72	44,942	2,790	.937926	.062074	8.403
73	42,152	2,859	.932172	.067828	7.926
74	39,293	2,913	.925866	.074134	7.467
75 76	36,380	2,948	.918959	.081041	7.025
76	33,432	2,962	.911402	.088598	6.600
77 78	30,470	2,952	.903140	.096860	6.193
78	27,518	2,913	.894115	.105885	5.804
79	24,605	2,848	.884266	.115734	5.431
80	21,757	2,752	.873529	.126471	5.077
81 82	19,005	2,625	.861839	.138161	4.740
83	16,380 13,908	2,472	.849127	.150873 .164676	4.419 4.116
84	11,618	2,290 2,087	.835324 .820362	.179638	3.828
-	9,531	1,867	.804170	.195830	3.557
85 86	7,664	1,634	.786682	.213318	3.302
87 88	6,030	1,400	.767835	.232165	3.061
88	4,630	1,169	•747573	.252427	2.836
89	3,461	949	.725845	.274155	2.625
90	2,512	747	.702613	.297387	2.427
91	1,765	569	.677852	.322148	2.243
92	1,196	416	.651554	.348446	2.072
93	780	294	.623731	.376269	1.910
94	486	197	•594421	.405579	1.763
95	289	126	.563690	.436310	1.625
96	163	76	.531635	.468365	1.494
97 98	87	44	.498392	.501608	1 362
99 99	43	23 12	·464134 ·429075	.535866 .570925	1.244
100	8			.606529	1.000
IOI	3	5 2	.393471	.642380	.833
102	I	1	.000000	1,000000	.500
					Ü

TABLE V.

Exposures and Deaths at integral ages attained.

On the basis of three times the exposed and died.

Age Attained.	Three Times Number Exposed.	Three Times Number Dwd.	Age Attained.	Thre: Times Number Exposed.	Three Tim: Number Dud.
19 20 21 22 23 24	1,362 3,478 7,127 10,331 13,513 16,344	7 1.4 27 50 61 86	60 61 62 63 64 60-64	6,850 6,049 5,377 4,771 4,204 27,251	172 152 158 143 111
20 - 24 25 26 27 28 29	50,793 18,893 21,133 23,245 25,215 26,844	244 113 116 104 114 135	65 66 67 68 69 65-69	3.684 3,193 2,733 2,346 1,984	122 116 105 97 87
25 29 30 31 32 33 34	115 330 28,284 29,540 30,423 31,020 31,422	582 150 142 145 178 207	70 71 72 73 74 70 74	1,719 1,473 1,229 1,005 813	75 83 89 66 60
30-34 35 36 37 38 39	150.689 31,560 31,404 31,052 30,503 29,832	822 201 206 173 184 206	75 76 77 78 79 75 79	67.4 555 45° 337 243	54 42 47 50 35 228
35-39 40 41 42 43 44	154.351 29,138 28,269 27,266 26,153 24,852	970 232 185 162 192	80 81 82 83 84 80–84	178 129 88 60 44 499	29 20 17 13 7 86
40-44 45 46 47 48 49	135,678 23,606 22,402 21,196 10,978 18,748	964 194 203 220 198	85 86 87 88 89 85-89	33 25 19 15 13	4 6 4 1 3 18
45-49 50 51 52 53 54	105.930 17.537 16,240 15,019 13,860 12,718	992 188 187 170 194 206	90 91 92 93 94 90-94	8 5 3 3 3	3 2 0 0 0
50 - 54 55 56 57 58 59	75.374 11,669 10,671 9.705 8,786 7,858	945 172 166 162 173	95 96 97 95 97	3 3 2 8	0 1 2 3
55 59	48,689	864	Тотаг,	888.519	8.366

TABLE VI.

Mortality Experience, excluding the first five years of Assurance.

Aze x	Exposed E <sub>x-1/3</sub>	Died $d_{x=\frac{1}{3}}$	Adjusted Annual Rates of Mortality.	Age x	Exposed  E <sub>x-1/3</sub>	Died $d_{x-\frac{1}{3}}$	Adjusted Annual Rates of Mortality.
25 26 27 28 29	282 913 1,433 2,061 2,658	 8 9 11	.00639 .00641 .00644 .00648	50 51 52 53 54	4,726 4,453 4,196 3,957 3,688	44 57 49 54 66	.01174 .01243 .01319 .01404 .01498
30 31 32 33 34	3,243 3,729 4,251 5,775 5,176	25 19 26 30 45	.00657 .0c662 .00668 .00674 .00681	55 56 57 58 59	3,427 3,195 2,932 2,684 2,459	52 51 51 49 60	.01602 .01716 .01843 .01983 .02137
35 36 37 38 39	5,510 5,752 5,963 6,071 6,168	42 41 35 41 44	.00690 .00701 .00715 .00731	60 61 62 63 64	2,151 1,918 1,727 1,562 1,381	57 48 49 51 33	.02307 .02492 .02695 .02918 .03162
40 41 42 43 44	6,276 6,240 6,214 6,163 6,010	65 52 30 49 56	.00770 .00794 .00820 .00849 .00882	65 66 67 68 69	1,213 1,063 909 793 667	38 39 36 33 30	.03.430 .037.25 .040.49 .0440.5 .0479.5
45 46 47 48 49	5,844 5,681 5,462 5,244 4,959	54 50 65 54 46	.00919 .00960 .01006 .01056	70 71 72 73 74	589 513 431 358 287	24 24 32 23 20	.05223 .05694 .06213 .06784 07413

TABLE VII.

SELECT TABLE.

Annual Kates of Mortality for different ages at entry and different periods since entry.

			Years e	lapsed sinc	e date of e	entry.		
Age	0	1	÷	3	4	5 or More.	Age	5 or More.
8	<i>q</i> [x]	9 [x-1]+1	q [x-2]÷2	q [x-3]+3	9 [x-4]+1	q <sub>x</sub> (5)	x	9 2(5)
20 21 22 23 24	.00237 .00238 .00240 .00243 .00246			.00573			55 56 57 58 59	.01602 .01716 .01843 .01983 .02137
25 26 27 28 29	.00250 .00255 .00261 .00267	.00393	.00503 .00507 .00511 .00516	.00579 .00582 .00586 .00590	.00622 .00625 .00628 .00632 .00637	.00639 .00641 .00644 .00648 .00652	60 61 62 63 64	.02307 .02492 .02695 .02918 .03162
30 31 32 33 34	.00281	.00428 .00436 .00444 .00452	.00527 .00534 .00541 .00548	.co6oo .oo6o6 .oo613 .oo620	.00642 .00647 .00653 .00659	.00657 .00662 .00668 .00674 .00681	65 66 67 68 69	.03430 .03725 .04049 .04405 .04795
35 36 37 38 39	.00328 .00340 .00352 .00365 .00378	.00461	.00566 .00577 .00588 .00601	.00637 .00648 .00661 .00676	.00675	.00690 .00701 .00715 .00731	70 71 72 73 74	.05223 .05694 .06213 .06784
40 41 42 43 44	.00392 .00407 .00423 .00439	.00518 .00532 .00547 .00563 .00580	.00630 .00647 .00666 .00687	.00710	.00754	.00770 .00794 .00820 .00849 .00882	8	
45 46 47 48 49	.00473 .00492 .00511 .00531	.00599 .00620 .00643 .00667	.00735 .00762 .00793 .00827 .00864	.00839 .00874 .00912 .00954	.00898 .00938 .00981 .01029	.00919 .00960 .01006 .01056		
50 51 52 53 54	.00573	.00721	.00905	.01053	.01141 .01207 .01280 .01361 .01451	.0117.4 .01243 .01310 .01404 .01498		

TABLE VIII.
SELECT TABLE.

Values of  $l_x$  for different ages at entry and different periods since entry.

	Years elapsed since date of entry.							
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5 or More.	Age	5 or More.
.r	[.v]	[x-1]+I	l [x-2]+2	l [.x-3]+3	[.r-4]+4	, r (5)	,r	l x (5)
20 21 22 23 24	103.679 103,031 102,385 101,741 101,101	103,433 102,786 102,139 101,494	103,041	102,533	101,946		55 56 57 58 59	78,055 76,805 75,487 74,096 72,626
25 26 27 28 29	100,463 99,828 99,193 98,560 97,928	100,853 100,212 99,574 98,934 98,297	101,099 100,456 99,814 99,173 98,532	101,236 100,590 99,947 99,304 98,662	101,296 100,650 100,005 99,361 98,718	101,314 101,666 100,021 99,377 98,733	60 61 62 63 64	71.074 69,435 67,704 65,880 63,957
30 31 32 33 34	97,298 96,665 96,033 95,395 94,753	97,661 97,024 96,386 95,747 95,102	97,891 97,251 96,609 95,966 95,322	98,018 97,375 96,732 96,086 95,440	98,074 97,430 96,785 96,139 95,491	98,089 97,445 96,800 96,153 95,505	65 66 67 68 69	61,935 59,811 57,583 55,251 52,817
35 36 37 38 39	94,105 93,448 92,779 92,097 91,401	94,453 93,796 93,130 92,452 91,761	94,672 94,017 93,354 92,681 91,996	94,791 94,137 93,475 92,806 92,124	94,840 94,187 93,527 92,857 92,178	94,855 94,200 93,540 92,871 92,192	70 71 72 73 74	50,285 47,658 44,945 42,152 39,293
40 41 42 43 44	90,690 89,962 89,212 88,436 87,633	91,056 90,335 89,596 88,835 88,048	91,297 90,584 89,854 89,105 88,335	91,431 90,722 89,998 89,256 88,493	91,487 90,781 90,060 89.320 88,561	91,502 90.797 90,076 89,337 88,579	75	36,380
45 46 47 48 49	86,802 86,052 85,043 84,106 83,125	87,234 86,391 85,432 84,608 83,659	87,537 86,711 85,855 84,883 84,044	87,707 86,893 86,051 85,175 84,266	87,779 86,972 86,134 85,266 84,363	87,798 86,991 86,156 85,289 84,388		·
50 51 52 53 54	82,094	82,667 81,626 	83,080 82,071 81,013	83,318 82,328 81,291 80,204	83,422 82,440 81,413 80,336 79,205	83,450 82,470 81,445 80,371 79,242		

TABLE IX.

#### GRADUATED MORTALITY TABLE

Excluding the first five years of Assurance.

CANADA LIFE EXPERIENCE.

Age.	Number Living.	Number Dying. d <sub>x</sub>	Prolability of Dying in a Year.	Complete Expectation of Life.	Age.	Number Living.	Number Dying. d <sub>x</sub>	Probability of Lying in a Year.	Expectation of Life.
			9,x					7.r	
25	101,314	648	.00639	41.352	65	61,935	2,124	.03430	12.182
26	100,666	645	.00641	40.615	66	59,811	2,228	.03725	11.597
27	100,021	644	.00644	39.874	67	57,583	2,332	.04049	11.026
28	99,377	644 644	.cc648	39.129	68 60	55,251 52,817	2,434 2,532	.04405	9.930
29	98,733	044	00032	30.301	09	5~,01/	~133~	.04/93	9.930
30	98,089	644	.00657	37.630	70	50,285	2,627	.05223	9.405
31	97,445	645	.00662	36.875	71	47,658	2,713	.05694	8.896
32	96,800	647	.00668	36.118	72	44.945	2,793	.06213	8.403
33	96,153	648	.00674	35.357	73	42,152	2,859	.07413	7 926
34	95,505	650	.00031	34-594	74	39,293	2,913	.0/413	/ 40/
35	94,855	655	.co690	33.8:8	75	36,380	2,948	.08104	7.025
36	94,200	660	.0701	33.059	76	33,432	2,962	.08860	6.600
37	93,540	669	.00715	32.289	77	30,470	2,952	.09686	6.193
38	92,871	679	.00731	31.518	78	27,518	2,913	.10589	5.804
39	92,192	690	.00749	30.746	79	2.4,605	2,848	.11573	5.431
40	91,502	705	.00770	29 975	80	21,757	2,752	.12647	5.077
41	90,797	721	.00794	29.203	81	19,005	2,625	.13816	4.740
42	90,076	739	.00820	28.433	82	16,380	2,472	.15087	4.419
43	89,337	758	.00849	27.664	83	13,908	2,290	.16468	4.116
44	88,579	781	.co\$82	26.897	84	11618	2,087	.17564	3.828
45	87,798	807	.cc919	26.131	85	9.531	1,867	.19583	3.557
46	86,991	835	.00960	25.369	86	7,664	1,634	.21332	3.302
47	86,156	867	.01006	24.610	87	6,030	1,400	.23217	3.061
48	85,289	901	.01056	23.855	88	4,630	1,169	.25243	2.836
49	84,388	938	.01112	23.105	89	3,461	949	.27416	2 025
50	83,450	980	.01174	22.359	90	2,512	747	-29739	2.427
51	82,470	1,025	.01243	21.619	91	1,765	560	-32215	2.243
52	81,445	1,07.4	.01319	20.884	92	1,196	416	-34845	2.072
53	80,371	1,129	.01404	20.157	93	780	204	.37627	1.763
54	79,242	1,187	.01498	19.437	94	486	197	.40558	1.,03
55	78,055	1,250	.016c2	18.725	95	289	126	.43631	1.625
56	76,805	1,318	.01716	18.021	96	163	76	.46837	1 494
57	75,487	1,391	.01843	17.327	97	87	44	.50101	1.362
58	74.096	1,470	.01983	10.043	98	43	23	-53587	1.244
59	72,626	1,552	.02137	15 970	99	20	1.2	.57003	1.100
60	71,074	1,639	.02307	15.308	100	S	5	.6c653	1.000
61	69,435	1,731	.02492	14.657	101	3	2	.64238	.S33
62	67,704	1,824	.02695	14.019	102	1	1	1.00000	.500
63	65,880	1,923	.02918	13.394					
64	63,957	2,022	.03162	12 781					

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE X. \\ Annual Rate of Mortality, excluding the first five years of Assurance. \\ \end{tabular}$ 

GRADUATED RESULTS.

Age.	Canada Life. <sup>q</sup> .: (5)	Mutual Life of New York.	Hm. Table.	Age.	Canada Life. I x (5)	Mutual Life of New York.	Hm. Table.
25 26 27 28 29	.006396 .006407 .006439 .006480	.008258 .008282 .008310 .008341 .008376	.010506 .010064 .009943 .009704 .009458	55 56 57 58 59	.016014 .017160 .018427 .019839 .021370	.015508 .016479 .017575 .018814 .020214	.022187 .023506 .025075 .026577 .028360
30 31 32 33 34	.006565 .006619 .006684 .006739 .006806	.008416 008560 .008512 .008569 .008634	.009203 .009172 .009257 .009225	60 61 62 63 64	.023060 .024930 .026941 .029189 .031615	.021794 .023578 .025592 .027866 .030431	.030638 .032916 .035583 .038500 .041710
35 36 37 38 39	.006905 .007006 .007152 .007311	.008708 .008791 .008885 .008992	.010302 .010347 .010701 .011065 .011189	65 65 67 68 69	.034294 .037251 .040498 .044054 .047939	.033323 .036585 .040261 .044401 .049063	.044614 .047836 .050957 .054449 .058118
40 41 42 43 44	.007705 .007941 .008204 .008485 .008817	.009248 .009402 .009577 .009773 .009996	.011316 .011317 .011576 .011844 .012252	70 71 72 73 74	.052242 .056926 .062143 .067826 .074135	.054309 .060207 .066834 .074273 .082616	.062836 .068559 .075551 .083480 .092231
45 46 47 48 49	.009192 .009599 .010063 .010564 .011115	.010248 .010533 .010855 .011219	.012943 .013659 .014402 .015315 .016267	75 76 77 78 79	.081041 .088598 .096860 .105885	.091961 .102417 .114098 .127128 .141633	.099494 .108146 .115486 .124629 .134915
50 51 52 53 54	.011744 .012429 .013187 .014047 .014979	.012096 .012622 .013217 .013890 .014650	.017116 .018005 .018786 .019911 .020941	80 81 82 83 84	.126471 .138161 .150873 .164676 .179638	.157750 .175615 .195366 .217135 .241048	.145768 .158716 .172301 .185770 .199030

TABLE XI.

### EXPECTATION OF LIFE

-Iccording to various Tables of Mortality.

	CANADA.		UNITED	STATES.		GRE	AT BRIT	AIN.	GERMANY	AUST	RALIA.
Age.	Canada	Mutual Lufe of	Mutual Benefit of	American Exper-	Thirty American	ti wisabia	Law	Twenty British	Gotha		Jutual Prov.
	Lafe.	New York.	New Jersey.	ience.	Offices,	Equitable.	Life	Offices. Him	Life.	A umed Ages.	True Ages.
20 21 22	46.249 45.462 44.673	44-99 44-26 43-53		42 20 41.53 40.85	43.069 42.359 41.646	41.670 40.974 40.266	42.90 42.16 41.42	42.061 41.326 40.603 39.879	42.22 41.46 40.77 40.06	47.121 46.28.4 45.440 44.595	45.823 44.973 44.121 43.265
23 24	43.881	42.80		39 49	40.930	39·555 38.840	39.91	39.079	39.42	43.748	42.410
25 26 27 28 29	42.294 41.498 40.701 39.902 39.103	41.33 40.59 39.84 39.09 38.34	40.906 40.162 39.415 38.665 37.913	38.81 38.12 37.43 36.73 36.03	39.490 38.766 38.040 37.312 36.582	38 123 37.411 36.696 35.977 35.255	39.17 38.45 37.72 36.99 36.26	38.405 37.658 36.908 36.162 35.419	38.64 37.83 37.04 36.20 35.47	42.050 41.203 40.360 39.518	41.558 40.708 39.865 39.027 38.192
30 31 32 33 34	38.303 37.502 36.700 35.898 35.096	37·59 36·83 36·07 35·31 34·55	37.158 36.402 35.643 34.883 34.121	35-33 34-63 33-92 33-21 32-50	35.850 35.117 34.383 33.646 32.910	34.530 33.809 33.084 32.364 31.647	35 5 <sup>2</sup> 34.7 <sup>8</sup> 34.04 33.29 3 <sup>2</sup> .54	34.681 33.946 33.213 32.481 31.748	34 69 33.91 33.14 32.36 31.59	38.682 37.628 36.208 35.397	37-365 36-543 35-728 34-918 34-117
35 36 37 38 39	34.298 33.494 32.693 31.894 31.996	33.78 33.01 32.24 31.47 30.70	33.358 32 593 31.828 31.062 30.295	31.78 31.07 30.35 29.62 28.90	32.172 31.434 30.696 29.957 29.219	30.934 30.217 29.503 28.793 28.092	31.79 31.05 30.31 29.58 28.85	31.016 30.286 29.560 28.838 28.118	30.80 29.99 29.22 28.46 27.71	34·59° 33·785 32·98° 32·179 31·379	33.317 32.521 31 728 30 938 30.148
40 41 42 43 44	30.299 29.505 28.713 27 924 27 137	29.93 29.15 28.38 27.61 26.83	29 530 28 764 27 999 27.234 26.472	28.18 27.45 26.72 26.00 25.27	28.482 27.747 27 013 26.280 25.550	27.395 26.693 25.994 25.290 24.581	28.13 27.40 26.66 25.93 25.19	27 399 26 679 25.956 25.233 24 511	26.94 26.17 25.41 24.66 23.89	30.585 29.798 29.019 28.247 27.481	29.364 28.585 27.813 27.048 26.290
45 46 47 48 49	26 355 25.576 24 801 24.032 23 268	26.06 25.29 24.52 23.76 22.99	25.711 24.952 24.196 23.444 22.694	24.54 23.81 23.08 22.36 21.63	24 822 24 090 23.377 22.660 21.948	23.873 23.174 22.469 21.766 21.065	24.46 23.75 23.04 22.34 21.66	23.792 23.079 22.375 21.679 20.989	23 13 22.40 21 66 20.95 20.22	26.721 25.964 25.210 24.461 23.716	25.538 24.790 24.642 23.299 22.561
50 51 52 53 54	22.509 21.757 21.012 20.275 19.545	22 23 21.48 20 73 19.08 19 24	21.949 21.209 20.474 19.745 19.022	20.91 20 20 19.49 18.79 18.09	21.241 20.539 19.843 19.154 18.471	20.360 19.662 18.977 18 302 17.643	20.98 20.30 19.64 18.97 18.31	20.306 19.627 18.951 18.281 17.618	19.51 18.80 18.10 17.43 16.74	22.975 22.236 21.502 20.769 20.036	21.829 21.100 20.378 19.655 18.930
55 56 57 58 59	18.82.4 18.112 17.400 16.717 16.035	18.51 17.78 17.06 16.35 15.65	18 306 17.597 16.898 16.207 15.525	17.40 16.72 16.05 15.30	17.797 17.130 16.473 15.825 15.187	16.989 16.340 15.705 15.001 14.491	17.66 17.01 16.36 15.72 15.08	16.316 15.679 15.052	16.08 15.41 14.77 14.15 13.53	19.305 18.577 17.855 17.140 16.43‡	18.201 17.480 10.765 16.050 15.365

# TABLE XI.—Continued.

### EXPECTATION OF LIFE

According to various Tables of Mortality.

	CANADA.		UNITED	STATES.		GRE	AT BRIT	AIN.	GERMANY	AUSTE	RALIA.
Age.	Canada	Mutual Life of	Mutual Benefit of	American Exper-	Thirty American	Equitable.	Law	Twenty British	Gotha		Sutual Prov. 888.
	Life.	New York,	New Jersey.	ience.	Offices.	Equitable	Life.	Offices.	Life.	Assumed Ages.	True Ages.
60 61	15.365	14.96	14.854	14.10	14.559 13.942	13 911	14.44	13 830	12.95 12.36	15.736 15.046	14.692
62 63 64	14.061 13.429 12.810	13.62 12.96 12.32	13.545 12.908 12.284	12.86 12.26 11.67	13.336 12.743 12.162	12.789 12.231 11.680	13.19 12.58 12.00	12.659 12.095 11.547	11.79	14.365 13.696 13.049	13.374 12.754 12.170
65 66 67 63 69	12.205 11.615 11.039 10.480 9.936	11.70 11.08 10.49 9.91 9.35	11.673 11.076 10.494 9.927 9.376	11.10 10.54 10.co 9.47 8.97	11 595 11.040 10.500 9.974 9 463	11.134 10.609 10.106 9.618 9.146	11.43 10.89 10.36 9.86 9.37	11.012 10.489 9.977 9.475 8.980	10.15 9.64 9.17 8.72 8.25	12.429 11.841 11.280 10.754 10.233	11.608 11.086 10.589 10.107 9.628
70 71 72 73 74	9.408 8.897 8.403 7.926 7.467	8.80 8.27 7.76 7.27 6.80	8.841 8.322 7.820 7.335 6.868	8.48 8.00 7.55 7.11 6.68	8.967 8.486 8.021 7.572 7.138	8.699 8.259 7.827 7.406 6.999	8.90 8.44 7.98 7.53 7.10	8.495 8.026 7.575 7.148 6.749	7.83 7.40 6.99 6.60 6.21	9.716 9.201 8.692 8.151 7.620	9.177 8 729 8.307 7.869 7.417
75 76 77 78 79	7.025 6.600 6.193 5.804 5.431	6.35 5.92 5.51 5.11 4.74	6.418 5.986 5.572 5.177 4.799	6.27 5.88 5.49 5.11 4.74	6.721 6.320 5.934 5.565 5 211	6.609 6.236 5.860 5.487 5.120	6.68 6.28 5.91 5.56 5.23	6.376 6.017 5.674 5.344 5.025	5.88 5.55 5.21 4.88 4.59	7.100 6.569 6.041 5.571 5.135	6.924 6.413 5.872 5.384 4.951
80 81 82 83 84	5.077 4.740 4.419 4.116 3.828	4.39 4.06 3.74 3.45 3.17	4.439 4.097 3.773 3.463 3.172	4·39 4·05 3·71 3·39 3.08	4.873 4.550 4.242 3.947 3.666	4.754 4.4c6 4.086 3.791 3.574	4.92 4.62 4.34 4.07 3.84	4.719 4.433 4.171 3.930 3.713	4.20 3.99 3.69 3.31 3.23	4.733 4.401 4.134 3.890 3.671	4.589 4.294 4.080 3.882 3.693
85 86 87 88 89	3.557 3.302 3.061 2.836 2.625	2.91 2.67 2.45 2.24 2.05	2.898 2.640 2.398 2.171 1.958	2.77 2.47 2.18 1.91 1.66	3 396 3.137 2.885 2.637 2.386	3.387 3.207 3.027 2.890 2.803	3 64 3.46 3.28 3.13 2.98	3.511 3.310 3.101 2.884 2.634	2.99 2.72 2.63 2.66 2.32	3.479 3.282 3.066 2.841 2.607	3.505 3.304 3.075 2.845 2.612
90 91 92 93 94	2.427 2.243 2.072 1.910 1.763	1.87 1.71 1.56 1.43 1.30	1.760 1.576 1.404 1.244 1.096	1.42 1.19 .98 .80	2.166 1.980 1.808 1.643 1.488	2.559 2.316 2.042 1.750 1 375	2.81 2.63 2.43 2.19 1.88	2·357 2·077 1·795 1·496 1·204	2.26 1.94 2.24 1.75 •75	2 359 2.093 1.817 1.535 1.245	2.365 2.101 1.826 1.547 1.258
95 96 97	1.625 1.494 1.362	1.19	.959 .833 .716	.50	1.338 1.176 1.033	1.055 .750 .500	1.49 1.02 .50	.930 .684 .500	.50	.943 .633 .500	.962 .652 .500

TABLE XII.

Canada Life Annual Rates of Mortality compared with those of other Tables.

GRADUATED TABLES USED.

								Rati of C	anada Life	Mortal ty	to
Age.	Canada 1 ife.	American Experience.	Thirty American Offices.	Institute of Actuaries. Hm	Mutual Life of New York	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.	American Exper- ience.	Thi ty American Offices.	Institute of Actuaries Hm.	Mutual Life of New York	Muti al Benefit f New Jerrey.
20 21 22 23 24	.00463 .00467 .00471 .00475	.00781 .00786 .00791 .00796	.00676	.00633 .00673 .00684 .00676	.00615 .00617 .00619 .00622		·59 ·59 ·60 ·60	.69 .69 .69 .69	·73 .69 .69 ·70 ·72	.75 .76 .76 .76	
25 26 27 28 29	.00486	.00807 .00813 .00820 .00826 .00835	.00703	.00663	.00628 .00632 .00636 .00640	.00629 .00634 .00640 .00646	.60 .61 .61 .62	.69 .69 .69 .70	·73 ·74 ·72 ·71 ·69	77 .78 .78 .79	.77 .78 .78 .78
30 31 32 33 34	.00524	.00843 .00851 .00861 .00872 .00883	.00749 .00760 .00773 .00787	.00772	.00651 .00658 .00665 .00673	.00660 .00669 .00678 .00688	.62 .63 .63 .64	.70 .70 .70 .71	.6S .67 .67 .67	.80 .81 .82 .83 84	.79 .80 .80 .81
35 36 37 38 39	.00585	.00895	.00821 .00839 .00859 .00883 .00908	.00877 00911 .00946 .00978	.00692 .00704 .00716 .00730 .00746	.00713 .00727 .00742 .00760	.65 .66 .67 .68	.71 .72 .72 .72 .73	.67 .66 .65 .65	.85 .85 .86 .88	.82 .83 .83 .84 .85
40 41 42 43 44	.00685	.00979	.00936	.01031 .01049 .01073 .01113	.0076.4 .0078.4 .00806 .00831 .00859	.00801 .00824 .00851 .00880	.70 .71 .72 .74 .75	·73 74 74 ·75 ·75	.66 .68 .69 .70	90 .91 .92 .93	.86 .86 .87 .88 .89
45 46 47 48 49	.00848 .00892 00940 .00992 .01050	.01116	.01120 .01169 .01223 .01281 01346	.01219 .01294 .01370 .01441 .01522	.00890	.00948 .00988 .01032 .01081	.76 77 .78 79	.76 .76 .77 .77	.70 .69 .69 .69	.95 .06 .08 .08	.89 .90 91 92
50 51 52	.01114	.01378	.01418 .01496 01581	.01595 .01667 .01755	.01111	.01196	.81 .82 .82	.79 70 80	71	1.0G 1 O I 1.02	.03

TABLE XII.—Continued.

Canada Life Annual Rates of Mortality compared with those of other Tables.

GRADUATED TABLES USED.

							R	latio of Ca	nada Life .	Mortality	to
Age.	Canada Life.	American Experience.	Thirty American Offices.	Institute of Actuaries, Hm.	Mutnal Life of New York.	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.	American Exper- ience.	Thirty American Offices.	Institute of Actuaries, H <sup>m</sup> .	Mutual Life of New York.	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.
53 54	.01348	.01633	.01675	01860	.01317	.01420	.83 .83	.8o .81	·72 ·73	1.02	·95 ·95
55 56 57 58 59	.01547 .01661 .01787 .01926 .02079	.01857 .01989 .02134 .02294 .02472	.01893 .02017 .02156 .02306	.02103 .02245 .02399 .02563	.01498 .01605 .01725 .01858 .02008	.01613	.83 .84 .84 .84	.82 .82 .83 .84	·74 ·74 ·74 ·75 ·75	1.03 1.03 1.04 1.04 1.04	.96 .96 .97 .97 .97
60 61 62 63 64	.02248 .02434 .02638 .02863	.02669 .02888 .03129 .03394 .03687	.02653 .02853 .03070 .03311	.02968 .03204 .03464 .03749 .04041	.02175 .02361 .02569 .02802	.02311 .02500 .02709 .02942	.84 .84 .84 .84	.85 .85 .86 .86	.76 .76 .76 .76 .77	1.03 1.03 1.03 1.02	.97 .97 .97 .97
65 66 67 68 69	.03382 .03681 .04010 .04371 .04768	.04013 .04371 .04765 .05200	.03864 .04179 .04528 .04904 .05324	.04343 .04657 .04989 .05323 .05734	.03351 .03675 .04035 .04437 .04885	.03485 .03801 .04153 .04543	.84 .84 .84 .84	.88 .88 .89 .89	.78 .79 .80 .82 .83	1.01 1.00 .99 .99	.97 .97 .97 .96
70 71 72 73 74	.05204 .05683 .06207 .06783	.06199 .06767 .07373 .08018	.05778 06278 .06822 .07415 .08071	.06219 .06805 .07494 .08286	.05384 .05939 .06557 .07243 .08006	.05454 .05986 .06576 .07230 .07956	.84 .84 .84 .85	.90 .90 .91 .91	.84 .84 .83 .82	.97 .96 .95 .94	.95 .95 .94 .94 .93
75 76 77 78 79	.08104 .08860 .09686 .10589	.09437 .10231 .11106 .12083	.08779 .09550 .10400 .11318	.09836 .10637 .11469 .12321 .13306	.08852 .09789 .10827 .11975	.08761	.86 .87 .87 .88	.92 .93 .93 .94 .94	.82 .83 .84 .86 .87	.92 .91 .89 .88	.93 .92 .91 .90
80 81 82 83 84 85	.12647 .13816 .15087 .16468 .17964 .19583	.14447 .15861 .17435 .19156 .21136	.13407 .14583 .15870 .17246 .18752 .20363	.14465 .15804 .17135 .18585 .19888	.14638 .16174 .17861 .19709 .21727 .23927	.14313 .15812 .17414 .19318 .21364 .23632	.88 .87 .87 .86 .85	.94 .95 .95 .95 .96	.87 .87 .88 .89 .90	.86 .85 .84 .84 .83	.88 .87 .87 .85 .84 .83

TABLE XIII.

Exposed to Risk and Died in quinquennial groups of ages,

Also the Expected Deaths by other Tables of Mortality.

	Canada L	ife.				Expected	Deaths	by other	Tables.			
			-	סא	ITED STAT	ES.		GREAT B	BITAIN,	GERMANT	AUGTE	ALIA.
Completed	Exposed to	Died.	Mutual	Mutual	Connecti-		Thirty		01		Australia Prov. S	
Ages.	Risk.		Life of New York.	Benefit of New Jersey.	cut Mutual (Males.)	American Exper- ience	American Offices. (Males.)	Hm. Table.	Scottish Widows' Fund.	Gotha Life.	At Assumed Ages,	At Actual Ages.
20-24	16931.	18	109.	118.7	134.6	133.9	116.3	116.5	72.8	118.3	57.6	56.9
25-29	38443.3	194	234.9	266.	280.3	315.2	262.2	265.3	176.8	227.2	151.1	161.1
30-34	50229.7	274	333-5	341.	344-1	433-	350.1	412.4	266.2	342.1	243.1	267.2
35-39	51450.3	323	394.1	369.9	392.6	475-9	406.5	490 3	360.2	410.1	317.4	344-7
40-44	45226.	321	349.6	389.8	396.2	464.5	424.7	482.6	402.5	430.1	358.6	380.4
45-49	35310.	331	351.3	352.4	363.	425.8	380.6	480.9	360.2	456.2	352.	377.8
50-54	25124.7	315	312.	339.2	332.7	388.4	347.7	436.2	354-3	438.2	313.8	353 3
55-59	16229.7	288	267.8	304.6	289.4	347.8	302.7	389.4	360.3	412.9	257.4	282.9
60-64	9083.7	245	233.6	245.3	240.4	285.	243.4	315.8	289.8	338.6	208.5	248.3
65-69	4646.7	176	189.	185.8	179.8	221.5	177.3	233.1	203.5	267.6	191.6	224.5
70-74	2079.7	124	124.2	135.8	107.6	152.3	115.5	152.4	142.5	175.4	105.3	137.6
75-79	753.	76	74.6	75.8	75-5	828	63.5	82.8	72.9	91.5	65.2	56.2
20-79	2955078	2748.	29736	3124.3	3136.2	37 26.1	3190.5	3857.7	3062.	3708.2	2621.6	2890.9
	ige of Canada Lother Tables		92.4	88.	87.6	73.8	86.1	71.2	89.7	74 1	104.8	95.1

TABLE XIV.

Annual Rate of Mortality per cent, in quinquennial groups of ages.

	CANADA,		CON	UNITED STATES	.s.		GREAT	GREAT BRITAIN.	GERMANY	AUST	AUSTRALIA.
Completed Ages.		-					4			Australian Mutu	Australian Mutual Prov. Society.
	Canada Life.	Mutual Life of New York.	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	American Experience.	Thirty American Offices.	Institute of Actuaries. H m	Scottish Widows' Fund.	Gotha Life.	At Assumed Ages.	At Actual Ages.
20-24	.480	.644	.701	.795	164.	.687	889.	.4.30	669.	.340	.336
25-29	.505	.611	.692	.729	.820	.682	069.	.460	.591	.393	-419
30-34	.545	.664	629.	.685	.862	269.	.821	.530	189.	.484	.532
35-39	.628	.766	612.	.763	.925	.790	.953	.700	797.	617	.670
40-44	112.	.773	.862	.876	1.027	.939	1.067	.890	156.	.793	.841
45-49	.936	.995	866.	1.028	1.206	1.078	1.362	1.020	1.292	766.	1.070
50-54	1.254	1.242	1.350	1.324	1.546	1.384	1.736	1.410	1.744	1.249	1.406
55-59	1.775	1.650	1.877	1.783	2.143	1.865	2.399	2.220	2.544	1.586	1.743
60-64	2.701	2.572	2.700	2.647	3.138	2.680	3.477	3.190	3.728	2.295	2.733
69-59	3.780	4.067	3.999	3.870	4.766	3.816	5.017	4.380	5.760	4.124	4.831
70-74	5 979	5.974	6.532	5.174	7.321	5.556	7.329	6.850	8.432	5.062	6.617
75-79	10.092	9.903	10.060	10.033	10.998	8.437	10.999	9.680	12.150	8.659	7.468
				-	Service of the servic						

TABLE XV.

Actual Deaths by years of Assurance in the Canada Life Assurance Company,

\*Compared with Expected Deaths by other Tables\*\*

ALL AGES COMBINED.

Year f Assurance	Expised to Risk of Death.	Died.	Mutual Life of New York.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	Mutual Benefit.	Hm Table.	Thirty American Offices. (Males.)	A tr. an Mut. Pr vilent S = icty. (1282.)
1 2 3 4 5	34046 27534 24478 22066 19751	112 158 148 140	169.5 178.5 186.5 188.5	254. 224.5 199. 204.5 189.	205.5 206. 210. 213.5 209.	156.5 210. 242 254. 260.	214. 223. 225.5 220.5 215.5	1 23 · 5 1 3 2 · 5 1 3 3 · 1 2 9 · 5 1 3 5 ·
6 7 8 9	17898 16384 14861 13508 12306	139 134 135 123 112	180 5 169.5 164.5 135.5	199.5 178. 167.5 168.	197. 167.5 168. 161.	234· 233·5 221·5 207· 200.5	203 5 191 5 182. 161.5	131. 133. 126.5 134.5
11 12 13 14 15	11081 10043 8908 7870 7036	105 104 80 83 89	135. 142.5 121. 82.5 86.	1.40. 132.5 121.5 121.	152. 132 124. 122. 106.5	199 5 179.5 177.5 168.	141. 134. 133. 110.5	103.5 105.5 108. 93.5 91.
16 17 18 19 20	6323 5733 5155 4588 4073	89 74 70 64 59	91.5 97. 96. 85 5 77.5	108.5 123.5 80. 91.5 73.	92.5 103. 85.5 72.5 86.5	154 146 123.5 130.5 116.	93-5 99- 88-5 76-5 78-5	87. 85.5 88. 66. 78.
21 22 23 24 25	3547 2956 2413 1911 1637	65 55 47 37 46	57·5 63. 64. 57· 53 5	77.5 71.5 55. 58.5 46.	75.5 71. 69. 62. 45.5	98. 83. 64.5	68.5 64. 59.5 51. 45.	67.5 70. 54. 42. 47.5
26 27 28 29 30	1438 1266 1090 980 858	35 44 29 43 33	38. 38. 24.5 26. 21.5	45. 36. 29. 34. 35.	59. 38. 30. 42. 34.5	56. 59. 44. 44.5 44.5	40. 39 31.5 35. 23.	44 35. 21. 21.5 32.5
I 30	291738	2577	3155-5	3526.5	3481.	4433-	3502.5	26415
I-5 6-30	127875 163863	683 1894	906.5 2249	1071 2455·5	1044.	1122.5 3310 5	1098.5 2404	653 5 1988.

TABLE XVI.

Annual Rate of Mortality by Years of Assurance.

ALL AGES COMBINED.

						Mortality	per cent per o	ınnum.	
Year of Assurance.	Exposed to Risk of Death.	Died.	Mortality per cent. per annum. Canada Life.	Mutual Life of New York.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	Mutual Benefit.	Hm Table.	Thirty American Offices. (Males.)	Australian Mutual Prov. Society, (1888.)
1 2 3 4 5	34046 27534 24478 22066 19751	112 158 148 140 125	·329 ·574 .605 .634 .633	.498 .649 .761 .855	.746 .816 .812 .927	.604 •749 .858 .968	.459 .762 .989 1.150 1.316	.629 .810 .921 1.000 1.091	.363 .482 .543 .586 .684
6 7 8 9 10	17898 16384 14861 13508 12306	139 134 135 123 112	.777 .818 .908 .911	1.008 1.035 1.107 1.002	1.114 1.086 1.127 1.242 1.207	1.101 1.021 1.131 1.192 1.141	1.308 1.425 1.489 1.534 1.630	1.136 1.168 1.225 1.196 1.231	.732 .812 .852 .995
11 12 13 14 15	11081 10043 8908 7870 7036	105 104 80 83 89	.948 1.036 .898 1.055 1.265	1.220 1.419 1.360 1.050 1.223	1.262 1.320 1.365 1.536 1.635	1.370 1.312 1.392 1.553	1.801 1.789 1.992 2.132 2.282	1.273 1.336 1.491 1.406 1.464	.934 1.049 1.214 1.188 1.290
16 17 18 19 20	6323 5733 5155 4588 4073	89 74 70 64 59	1.408 1.291 1.358 1.395 1.449	1.444 1.691 1.861 1.861	1.719 2.155 1.550 1.989 1.791	1.461 1.794 1.662 1.577 2.128	2.439 2.551 2.398 2.845 2.842	1.477 1.727 1.716 1.664 1.923	1.376 1.489 1.707 1.442 1.921
21 22 23 24 25	3547 2956 2413 1911 1637	65 55 47 37 46	1.833 1.861 1.948 1.936 2.810	1.618 2.125 2.644 2.992 3.278	2.180 2.424 2.288 3.060 2.816	2.131 2.402 2.864 3.235 2.779	2.964 3.317 3.432 3.376 3.712	1.934 2.162 2.460 2.670 2.751	1.898 2.375 2.237 2.210 2.908
26 27 28 29 30	1438 1266 1090 980 858	35 44 29 43 33	2.434 3.476 2.661 4.388 3.846	2.634 3.016 2 252 2.632 2.495	3.139 2.834 2.681 3.453 4.064	4.091 2.992 2.773 4.288 3.995	3.902 4.650 4.045 4.526 5.153	2.799 3.078 2.892 3.543 2.692	3.069 2.756 1.942 2.194 3.790
1-30	291738	2577	.883	1.081	1.209	1.193	1.519	1.197	.905
1-5 6-30	127875	683 1894	·534 1.156	.709 1.372	.838 1.499	.816 1.487	.878	.859 1.461	.511

TABLE XVII.

Ratio of Actual Deaths to Expected Deaths by other Mortality Tables.

ALL AGES COMBINED.

New of Assistance	Mutual Life of New York.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.	Hm Table.	Thirty American Offices. (Males.)	A: tral an Mutual Pr vident S: tety, 1888
1 2 3 4 5	66.1 88.5 79.4 74.3 68.1	44.1 70.4 74.4 68.5 66.1	54·5 76·7 70·5 65·6 59.8	71.6 75.2 61.2 55.1 48.1	52.3 70.9 65.6 63.5 58.	90.7 119.2 111.3 108.1
6 7 8 9	77. 79.1 82.1 90.8 79.2	69.7 75.3 80.6 73.2 75.4	70.6 80. 80.4 76.4 79.7	59·4 57·4 60·9 59·4 55·9	68.3 70. 74.2 76.2 73.9	106.1 100.8 106.7 91.4 91.8
11 12 13 14 15	77.8 73. 66.1 100.6	75. 78.5 65.8 68.6 77.4	69.1 78.8 64.5 68. 83.6	52.6 57.9 45.1 49.4 55.5	74·5 77·6 60·2 75·1 86·4	98.6 74.1 88.8 97.8
16 17 18 19 20	97.3 76.3 72.9 74.9 76.1	82. 59·9 87·5 69 9 80.8	96.2 71.8 81.9 88.3 68.2	57.8 50.7 56.7 49. 50.9	95.2 74.7 79.1 83.7 75.2	102.3 86.5 79.5 97. 75.6
21 22 23 24 25	87.3 73.4 64.9 86.	83.9 76.9 85.5 63.2	86.1 77.5 68.1 59.7	61.9 56.1 56.6 57.4 75.4	94·9 85·9 79· 72·5 102·2	96 3 78.6 87. 88.1 96.8
26 27 28 29 30	92.1 115.8 118.4 165.4 153.5	77.8 122.2 100. 126.5 94.3	59.3 115.8 96.7 102.4 95.7	62.5 74.6 65.9 96.6 75.	87.5 112 8 92.1 122.9 143.5	79·5 125·7 138·1 200. 101·5
1-30	81.7	73.1	74.	58 τ	73.6	97.6
I-5 6-30	75·3 84.2	63.8 77.1	65 <del>.</del> 77-7	60.8 57.2	62.2 78.8	104.5 95·3

TABLE XVIII.

PART 1.—Experience during the First Five Years of Assurance.

	Canada	Life.			Expe	ected Deaths	by	
Actual Ages.	Exposed.	Died.	Mutual Ben- efit of New Jersey.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	Mutual Life of New York.	Scottish Widows' Fund.	H <sup>m</sup> (0—5) Table.	Australian Mutual Prov. Society, 1888. (Assumed Ages.)
19-24	17086.	83.5	119.	141.5	112.	68.5	111.	54-5
25-29	30109.5	138.5	211.5	205 5	170.5	114.5	185.	116.
30-34	28300.	123.5	175.	181.	168.5	127.5	210.5	123.5
35-39	21731.	112.5	152.	153.5	151.5	119.5	175.5	124.5
40-44	14467.	73.	120.	119.	98.	94.	128.5	96.5
45-49	8492.5	65.	81.	76.5	78.	65.5	100.	64.5
50~54	4537-5	42.5	59.	52.5	46.5	36.	56.5	50.
55-59	1958.	23.5	34.	36.5	28.5	36.	38.	20.
60-64	657.5	13.5	14.	15.5	15.	15.	19.	17.5
65-69	209.5	4-5	7.	5.	9.	7.5	8.	5.5
19-69	127548.5	680.	972.5	986.5	877.5	684.	1032.	672.5

PART 2.—Experience excluding the First Five Years of Assurance.

	Canad	a Life			Exp	ected Deaths	by	
Actual Ages.	Exposed.	Died.	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	Mutual Life of New York.	Scottish Widnws' Fund.	H <sup>m</sup> (5) Table.	Australian Mutual Prov. Society, 1888. (Assumed Ages.)
24-29	8510.	55.5	54-	80.5	75.	67.	79.5	35.
30-34	21929.5	150.5	169.5	172.	187.5	142.5	207.	121.5
35-39	29719.5	210.5	219.	248.	261.	238.	319.5	196.
40-44	30759.	248.5	271.5	282.5	270.5	304.5	358.	269 5
45-49	26817.5	265.5	273.	296.	282.5	289.5	384.	296.5
50-54	20587.	272.5	281.5	287.	283.5	313.	386.5	267.
55~59	14271.5	264 5	272.5	251.	249.	322.5	356.5	243.
60-64	8426.5	231.5	236.5	227.5	225.	274.5	301.	190.
65-69	4437.	171.5	181.	176.5	179.5	195.5	228.5	185.
70-74	2061.5	121.5	135.	106.5	126.	142.5	153.	105.
75-79	753.	76.	76.	75.	75.5	73.	84.	65.5
80-84	166.5	28.5	25.5	23.	21.5	24.	27.5	18.5
85-88	30.5	5-	8.5	5.	2.5	7.	7.	6.5
24-88	168469.	2101.5	2203.5	2230.5	2239.	2393.5	2892	1999.

PART 1 -- Annual Rate of Mortality per cent

First Fire Veges of Assurance.

TABLE XIX.

Ases.	Camea Life.	Mutual Benefit of New Jersey.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	M (tual Lif)  Of  New York.	Souit Wid w Fund.	H ·) Ta le.	At rali Mut al Pr.v. S., ety (1 (At Ax ) (1ed Ages.)
19-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74 75-77	.489 .460 .436 .518 .505 .765 .937 1.200 2.053 2.148	.696 .702 .619 .700 .829 .954 1.295 1.739 2.124 3.352	.827 .683 .640 .706 .823 .900 I.157 I.875 2.395 2.328 5.357 16.667	.655 .567 .595 .697 .679 .921 1.028 1.450 2.270 4.189 4.545 7.615	.40 .38 .45 .55 .65 .77 .79 1.85 2.25 3.64 4.03	.649 .615 .743 .808 .889 1.177 1.247 1.942 2.905 3.832 5.963 6.550	.319 .386 .436 .574 .667 .758 1.104 1.030 2.678 2.519
19-77	·533	.856	.838	.743	.605	.957	.531

PART 2.—Annual Rate of Mortality per cent.

Excluding First Five Years of Assurance.

1500	Canada Life.	Mut al Benefit of New Jersey.	Connecticut Mutual. (Males.)	Mutual Life of New York.	Scottish Widews' Fund.	H Table.	Au tr.ii n M tual Pray, S ciety (1 - ). (At A. sumed A <sub>B</sub> cs.)
24-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74 75-79 80 84 85-88	.651 .687 .709 .807 .990 1.324 1.855 2.750 3.861 5.904 10.106 17.258 16.013	.637 .774 .737 .882 1.018 1.367 1.910 2.809 4.082 6.542 10.060 15.318 27.248	.947 .784 .834 .919 1.103 1.395 1.757 2.698 3.982 5.171 10.000 13.669 16.364	.881 .854 .879 .879 1.053 1.377 1.743 2.669 4.045 6.106 10.050 12.821 7.692	.79 .65 .80 .99 1.08 1.52 2.26 3.26 4.41 6.91 9.68 14.38 22.33	.937 .943 1.075 1.164 1.432 1.878 2.497 3.571 5.140 7.411 11.127 16.000 22.870	.414 ·555 660 .870 1.105 1.296 1.702 2 253 4.172 5.103 8.718 11.155 21.022
24-88	1.2 ‡\$	1.415	1.380	1.251	1.07	2 103	1.000

TABLE XX.

PART 1.—Annual Rates of Mortality per cent. for Central Ages at entry, by quinquennial years of assurance.

Central		Years of Assurance.										
Age at Entry.	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	Over 30.					
20	.566	.644	.720									
25	.450	.639	.637	.898	1.345	1.362						
30	-435	.673	.784	.956	1.465	2.591	3.629					
35	-499	.8.10	1.085	1.146	1.933	4.007	4.646					
40	.508	.870	1.157	1.732	2.888	4.018	6.277					
45	.732	1.335	1.384	2.304	3.279	5.381	13.111					
50	.913	1.994	2.692	3.380	7 407	11.297	20 536					
55	1.089	2.527	3.086	6.977	9 453							
60	2.038	2.387	6.011									

PART 2—Annual Rates of Mortality per cent. for Ages at Exposure, by quinquennial years of assurance.

Ages at	Years of Assurance.											
Exposure. (n. b.)	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	Over 30.					
20-24	.475											
25-29	·473	.638										
30-34	.436	.655	.731									
35-39	.513	.662	.640	1.163								
40-44	.503	.809	.837	.825	-571							
45-49	.717	.920	.851	1.083	1.320	2.083						
50-54	.965	1.339	1.277	1.035	1.489	1.623	1.277					
55-59	1.157	1.811	1.481	1.624	2.000	2,222	2.260					
60-64	1.972	2.335	2.488	2.454	2.516	3.913	3.028					
65-69	2.183	3.110	3.758	3.279	4.290	4 4 1 7	3.552					
70-74		5.618	5.769	6.920	5.045	4.910	5.760					
75-79				10.959	12.632	11.278	7.966					

TABLE XXI.

## Commutation and Life Annuity Values, Canada Life Experience,

Excluding the First Five Years of Assurance.

INTEREST AT 4°/0.

Age.	$D_x$	$\Lambda_x^r$	a <sub>.r</sub>	Age.	$D_{x}$	$N_x$	$a_x$
25	38005.	708880.	18.6523	65	4839.1	41545-5	8.585.4
26	36309.	672571.	18.5235	66	4493.5	37052-0	8.2458
27	34689.	637882.	18.3886	67	4159.7	32892-3	7.997.4
28	33140.	604742.	18.2481	68	3837.7	29054-6	7.5708
29	31650.	573092.	18.1072	69	3527.6	25527-0	7.2364
30	30243.	542849.	17.9.496	70	3 <sup>22</sup> 9 3	22297.7	6.9048
31	28889.	513960.	17.7909	71	29,4 <sup>2</sup> .9	19354.8	6.5768
32	27594.	486366.	17.6258	72	2668.6	16686.2	6.2528
33	26355.	460011.	17.4544	73	2406.5	14279.7	5.9338
34	25171.	434840.	17.2754	74	2157.0	12122.7	5.6202
35 36 37 38 39	24038. 22954. 21916. 20922. 19971.	410802. 387848. 365932. 345010. 325039.	17.0897 16.8968 16.6970 16.4903 16.2755	75 76 77 78 79	1920.3 1696.8 1487.0 1291.3	10202.4 8505.6 7018.6 5727.3 4617.23	5.3129 5.0127 4.7200 4.4353 4.1593
40	19059.	305980.	16.0544	80	943.91	3673.32	3.8916
41	18185.	287795.	15.8260	81	792.82	2880.50	3.6332
42	17346.	270449.	15.5914	82	657.00	2223.50	3.843
43	16542.	253907.	15.3492	83	536.42	1687.08	3.1451
44	15771.	238136.	15.0996	84	430.85	1256.23	2.9157
45 46 47 48 49	15031. 14320. 13732. 12981. 12349.	223105. 208785. 195053. 182072. 169723.	14.8430 14.5800 14.2043 14.0260 13.7439	85 86 87 88 89	339.86 262.79 198.78 146.76	916.37 653.58 454.80 308.04 202.546	2.6963 2.4871 2.2880 2.0989 1.9199
50	11742.	157981.	13.4544	90	73.629	128.917	1.7509
51	11158.	146823.	13.1585	91	49.743	79.174	1.5917
52	10596.	136227.	12.8565	92	32.421	46.753	1.4421
53	10054.	126172.8	12.5495	93	20.312	26.441	1.3017
54	9531-4	116641.4	12.2376	94	12.182	14.2593	1.1705
55	9027.5	107613.9	11.9207	95	6.9626	7 2967	1.0480
56	8541.3	99072.6	11.5992	96	3.7738	3.5229	•9335
57	8071.8	91000 8	11.2739	97	1.9291	1.59382	.8262
58	7618.4	83382.4	10.9449	98	.92448	.6693.4	•7240
59	7180.0	76202.4	10.6131	99	.41258	.25676	.6223
60 61 62 63 64	6756.3 6346.7 5930.4 5567.4 5197.0	69446.1 63099.4 57149 0 51581.6 46384.6	10.2787 9.9.421 9.60.42 9.26.49 8.9253	100 101 102	.17022 .064400 .022145	.086545 .022145	.5084 ·3439

TABLE XXIV.

Rate of Discontinuance per cent. by years of Assurance.

Year of Assurance,	Mutual Life of New York.	Australian Mutual Provident Society. (1888.)	Thirty American Offices. (Male Lives.)	Hm. Table.	Twenty-three German Offices.
0	5.4 10.0 6.8 4.8 3.8 3.3 2.6 3.8 2.0 2.2 1.8 2.0 1.9 1.9 2.1		9.58 18.26 10.38 8.40 6.97 6.08 5.02 5.40 3.45 2.93 2.76 2.41 1.91 1.59 1.79 1.13 1.13 .89 .88 .79 .79	2.7 7.0 4.9 4.1 3.3 2.8 2.4 3.6 1.8 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.1 1.0 .9 .8 .8 .8 .8	German Offices.  10.2 5.3 4.1 3.1 2.7 2.1 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.0 .9 .8 .9 .6 .7 .5 .5
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	1.3 1.4 1.4 .6 .5 .9 .9 .4 2.1 .9	1.8 1.6 1.6 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.4 .8 1.1 2.7 .0 6.2 5.1	.77 .70 .63 .45 .44 .83 .54 .70 1.36 .60	.7 .8 .6 .6 .7 .6 .4 .5 .4 .5 .3 .2 .6 .4 .5 .3 .2 .6 .4 .5 .5 .3 .2 .6 .4 .5 .5 .3 .2 .6 .6 .6 .7 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6 .6	.5 .4 .6 .7 .4 .5 .7 .6 .5 .7 1.0 .6 .5 .7 1.0 .6 .5 .7 1.0 .6 .5 .7 1.0 .6 .5 .7 .7 .6 .6 .7 .7 .6 .6 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7

TABLE XXV.

Discontinuances in Quinquennial Periods.

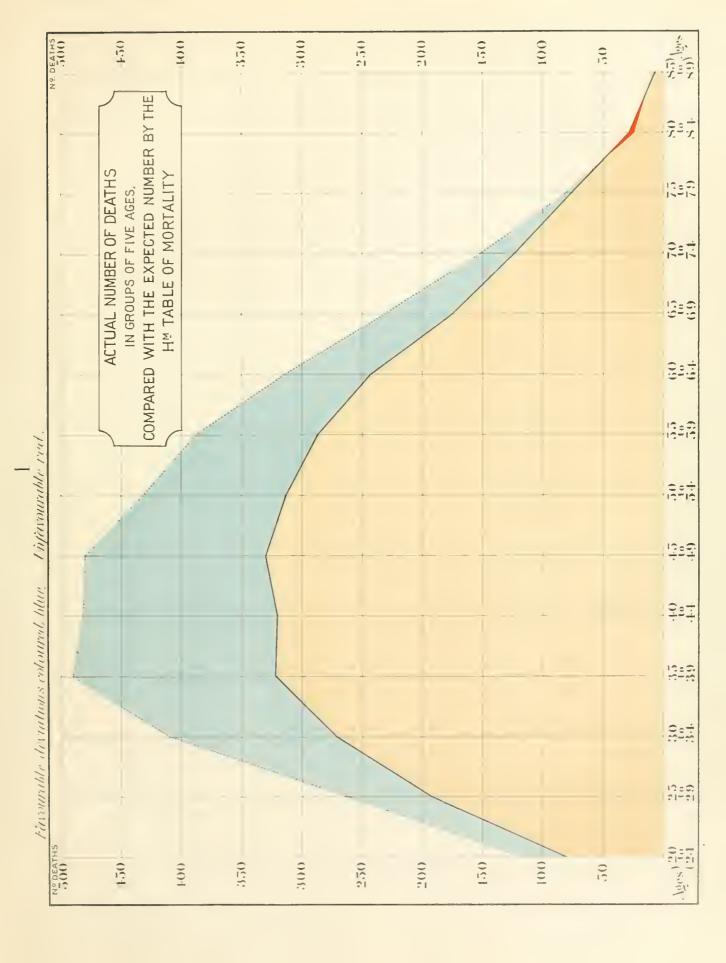
				60	6	-	3	0	0	0	0
CAF >:	His numbance per cent.	.53	+	.+8	.59	12	1.53	0.	0.	0.	.50
hirry V	. osmojm jet	10	N	9	10	-	C1	0	0	0	61
Over Printy Years.	1 xp sed () Brk of Discontinuance.	200	1+11	1251	844	991	131	CI	0	9	4450
by	Discontinuan e per cent.	.16	S.	0	.31	91.	1.59	1.52	00.	00.	000
Five Year	Discommances.	-	1 1	9	10	-	す	-	0	0	27
Sixth F	Exposed t Risk of Discontinuance.	61.4	1342	1483	963	979	251	99	3	- 2	5353
rts.	Discontinuances per cent.	91.	.88	.75	.81	:38	.32	15 1	00.	0	89.
ive Years.	Discontinuances		26	50	1.8	L/S	Ċ4	I	0	0	\$3
Fith Five	Exposed to Risk of Discontinuance.	1535	2949	3076	C1 C1 C1	1327	632	221	0+	00	12010
ears.	Discontinuances per cent.	.6.4	.78	.83	64.	.87	.86	1.43	1.20	00.	s.
Five Years.	Discontinuances.	50	48	20	36	77	E1	00	61	0	203
Fourth	Exposed to Risk of Discontinuance.	3604	6164	1109	4554	2774	1392	260	991	29	25254
cars.	Discontinuances per cent.	1.22	1.22	1.14	1.35	16.	1.20	1.09	1.23	0.01	61.1
Third Five Years.	Discontinuances.	833	1 3 I	113	to1	43	31	13	10	CI	525
Third	Exposed to Risk of Discontinuance.	6821	10747	8066	2696	4707	2588	1190	406	66	44162
Five Years.	Discontinuances per cent.	ci ci	1.96	2.39	2.08	2.29	2.18	1.52	1.80	2.32	2.15
	Discontinuances.	27	354	382	51 173 51	174	96	32	15	9	1586
Second	Pxposed 1 Risk of Disconti (uance.	12399	1809.4	16014	12109	2600	4407	2101	833	259	73816
	Distribution of per cent.	8.01	7.71	7.41	16.91	6.34	5.40	5.57	4.72	÷.88	7.21
First Five Years.	Dix nti nances.	1612	2705	2251	1537	890	436	219	7.9	53	10339
100	1 dei d. Bish 11 1 de qx 1 de	27364	35101	30372	22256	14031	8078	3930	1675	635	143442
	Akes at H hrry (n b)	20-24	25 29	30 34	35 39	40-44	45-49	50 54	55-59	60 & 0v'r	Allages

TABLE XXVI.

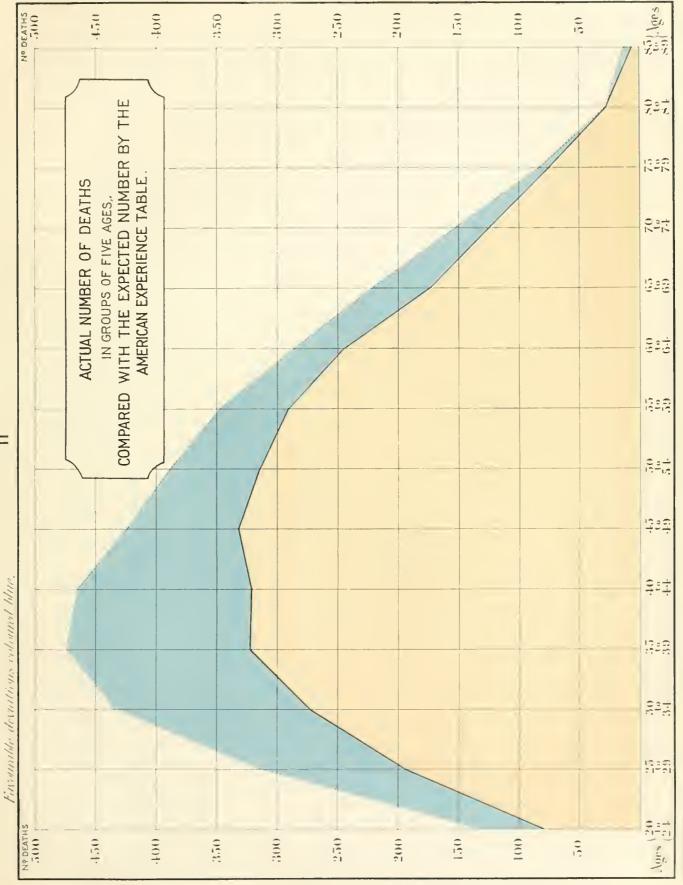
Comparison of the Rates of Discontinuance per cent. in groups of Years of Assurance and groups of Ages at Entry.

Australian Mutual Provident Society (1888), and Mutual Life of New York (1873).

Firs		e Years.	Second F	ive Years.	Third Five Years.		Fourth Five Years.		Fifth Five Years.		Sixth Five Years.	
Ages at Entry.	A. M. P. Society.	Mutual Life of New York.	A. M. P. Society.	Mutual Life of New York,								
20-24	9.1	10.3	2.1	3.8	1.5	1.8	.9	1.5	.9	.9	.7	.6
25-29	8.7	7.8	2.0	3.2	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.1	2. I	.5
30-34	7.3	6.2	2. I	3.0	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.3	.8
35-39	6.5	5.8	2.0	2.8	1.6	2. I	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.7	.6
40-44	5.7	5.3	2.2	2.8	1.7	2.1	1.9	1.4	2.1	1.4	1.3	.6
45-49	5.5	5.0	2.4	2.5	1.9	2. J	2.3	1.0	2.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
50-54	4.5	4.7	2.2	2.3	2.3	1.8	2.4	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.6	5.1
55-59	4.8	4.7	2.4	1.4	2.3	1.6	1.9	.9	2.3	2.5	2.6	
60 & over.	5.6	3.3	4.5	3.3	3.1	3.2	5.5		6.1		28.6	







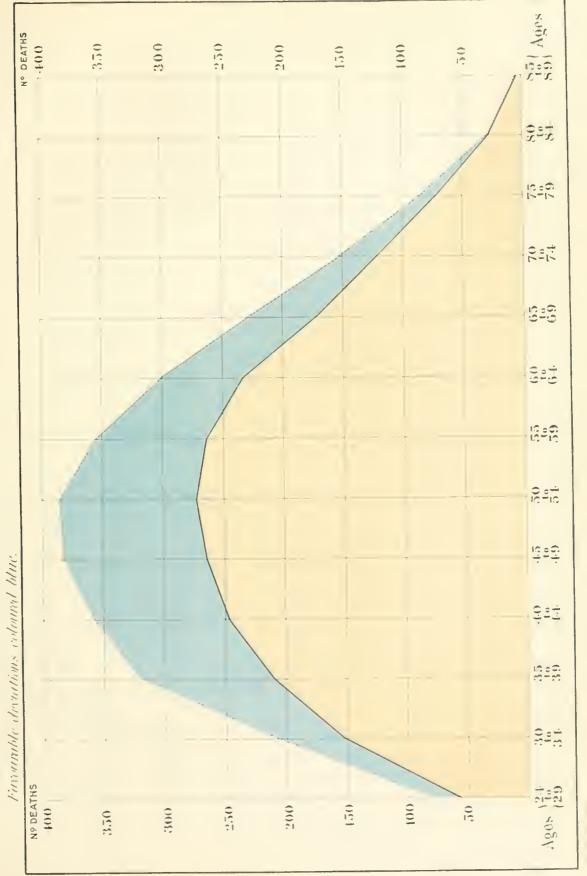






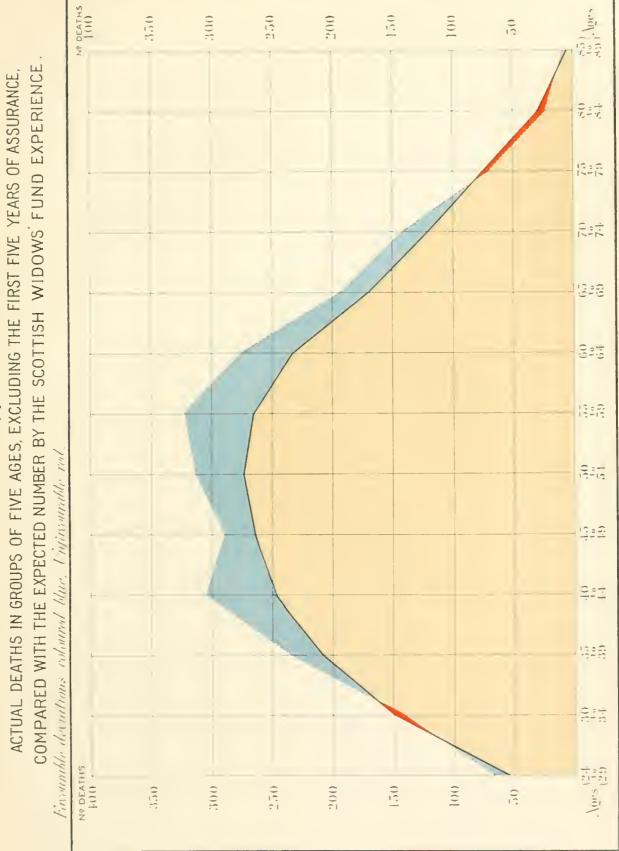
<u>ا</u>

COMPARED WITH THE EXPECTED NUMBER BY THE INSTITUTE OF ACTUARIES HE EXPERIENCE ACTUAL DEATHS IN GROUPS OF FIVE AGES, EXCLUDING FIRST FIVE YEARS OF ASSURANCE.



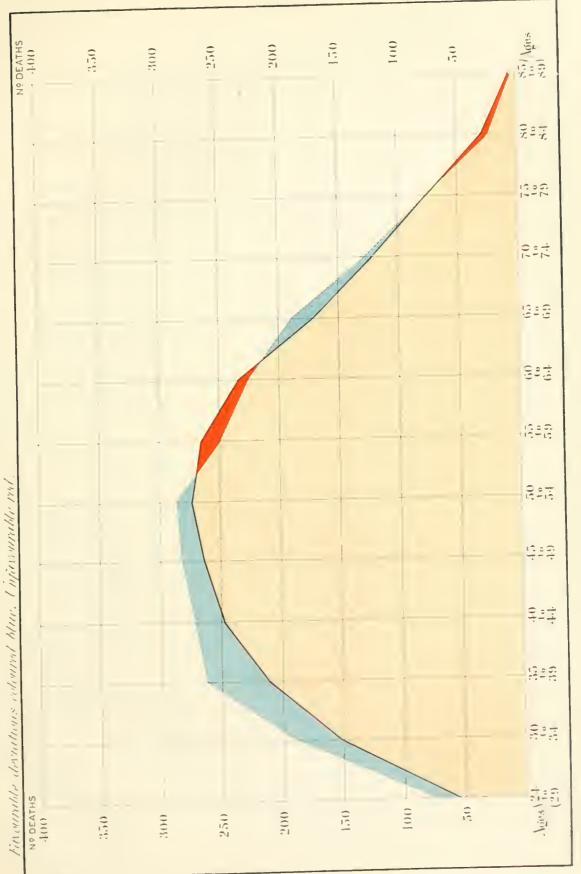


ACTUAL DEATHS IN GROUPS OF FIVE AGES, EXCLUDING THE FIRST FIVE YEARS OF ASSURANCE,





COMPARED WITH THE EXPECTED NUMBER BY THE EXPERIENCE OF THE MUTUAL LIFE, OF N.Y. VII actual deaths in groups of five ages, excluding first five years of assurance,











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